

**AMUSEMENTS—**  
With Dates of Events.  
**NEW LOS ANGELES THEATRE—**  
H. C. Wyatt, Manager.  
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE, June 22 and 23, The Los Angeles Operatic Society, in Gilbert & Sullivan's charming and most popular opera,  
**THE MIKADO.**

The cast consists of Louise Manfield, Pyke, Minnie Hance Owens, Mrs. Washington Berry, Grace Davidson, Foley Parker, Winfield Blake, M. C. Turner, Marie Manning, Ludwig Semler, F. R. Sullivan and grand chorus of 40 voices.  
**POPULAR SUMMER PRICES—75c, 50c and 25c.**

**GRAND OPERA HOUSE STOCK COMPANY—**  
Monday Evening, June 18, 1894. During the Week and Saturday Matinee.  
Stock Company in the 5-act Comedy drama,  
**Lydia Yeomans Titus.**  
Special Engagement.  
"IN IDAHO." One Week Only.  
PRICES—Gallery 15c, Balcony 25c, Parquet and Dress Circle 50c. Loges 75c, boxes \$1.  
MATINEE PRICES—Balcony 15c, Dress Circle and Parquet 25c.  
Next week "In Idaho." Telephone 1284.

**BURBANK THEATRE—** FRED A. COOPER, Manager.  
A dollar show for 10c, 25c and 50c. Week commencing Monday, June 18, and Saturday Matinee, the Leading Light of German Comedy, "Sweet Singer" CHAS. A. GARDNER, "Earl" and his own company, in his new Comedy drama,  
**"THE PRIZE WINNER."**  
Admission 15c, 25c and 50c. Doors open at 7:30. Curtain rises at 8 sharp. Reserved seats on sale at box office one week in advance. Next week the sweet singer, Charles Gardner and his own company in "FATHERLAND."

**FINE ARTS ROOMS—EXHIBITED IN THE CHRONICLE BUILDING SAN FRANCISCO 23 weeks; \$3.50 admissions, 235 S. Spring Street.**  
ONE WEEK ONLY.  
**A GLIMPSE OF THE HAREM**  
Next to Los Angeles Theatre.  
Reifsky's famous \$50,000 painting, exhibited in Chicago during the World's Fair to 30,000 ladies and gentlemen. Proclaimed by all to have no equal in the world's art. A masterpiece of Oriental Lovell. On view daily and Sunday 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. and from 6 to 10 p.m. Admission 25c.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—**  
**DECKER BROS. PIANOS—**  
**Kohler & Chase,**  
Are the oldest and most extensive importers of Pianos and Organs on the Pacific Coast. They are prepared to discount the best prices and terms on goods of the same grade that can be offered by any houses with consigned stocks. If you wish to buy or rent a Piano and have your local dealer, call on Kohler & Chase, 233 South Spring Street, next Los Angeles Theatre. Pianos tuned \$2.50; for rent \$4.00; for sale \$5.00 monthly and upwards.

**JEWELRY AND PLATE—**  
**THE UNITED STATES SENATE.**  
Has the American House of Lords Become Useless? Nay More, Has it Become a Positive Obstacle to Legislation for the People?

The English House of Lords is unquestionably the most unpopular legislative body in the world; its members represent no constituents and have none to be accountable for; they hold their positions not upon merit but for no better reason than that their fathers held them before them. They are a body of landlords banded together to protect their own interests against legislation by the Commons intended for relief of the people. There are those who believe that with the rapidly forming social and money aristocracy of the United States, the United States Senate is following the steps of its English model. Corruptions incident to decay are cropping up in the organization. It is alleged that its members are mainly millionaires, or their attorneys, sent there to protect individual and special interests, and their attitude is opposed to the people. Though several times as small a body as the House, they require vastly more time to consider a bill in which the people's interests are affected, while those interests flag and waver. Will the Senate endure at all or will the method of electing Senators be changed? This is an interesting subject, and it will be the text of a prime discourse which will be delivered from the auctioneer's block by Auctioneer Matlock this afternoon and evening at German's jewelry sale. It will be held between times as Mr. Matlock sells to you articles of that high-priced and valuable stock which Mr. German threw on the market a few months ago, a remnant only of which is left. It is going with the rapidity of wind, and a day or two more will close it out. This is almost your last chance; if you want a piece of fine jewelry, watch or diamond, now is your time. The sale begins at 11 a.m., 3 and 7 p.m., 320 South Spring street.

**HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.**  
**REDONDO BEACH HOTEL,**  
Now Open for Summer Season 1894.  
The Redondo Hotel is situated directly on the Pacific Ocean, 18 miles from Los Angeles (reached by two lines of railroad). New and handsomely equipped; table d'hôte; fine country walks; tennis courts; bathing all the year round; fine fishing; hot and cold water; incandescent lights and gas; halls and lobby heated by steam; finest ballroom in the state; orchestra in attendance; strictly first-class in every particular; the queen of all summer and winter hotels on the coast; guests staying a month or more are furnished free daily transportation over the Redondo Railway to Los Angeles, so they can live at Redondo and enjoy all the advantages of Los Angeles and vicinity; 8 trains each way daily. Hot salt water in tank No. 100. Apply to or address LYNCH & AULL, proprietors, Redondo Beach, Cal.; or to J. E. AULL, Hollenbeck Hotel, San Francisco.

**ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS—THE FAMOUS MOUNTAIN HEALTH RESORT** of Southern California; hotel first-class; lighted by electricity; heated by hot water from springs; overlooks San Bernardino, Riverside and Redlands; bus leaves Arrowhead Station 12:30 and 4 p.m.; San Bernardino 8:15 p.m. Postoffice and telephone at Springs. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

**GRAND VIEW HOTEL** CATALINA—FINEST LOCATION ON THE ISLAND; overlooking the bay, opposite bathing grounds; for comfort and pleasant surroundings, at reasonable rates. The Grand View is unsurpassed; bath house; guest house; boats to Catalina; J. E. AULL & CO. Props.

**ARLINGTON HOTEL** SANTA BARBARA—THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SUMMER RESORT on the Pacific Coast; fine sea bathing; equable climate; rates reduced for the summer; special rates by week or month. For further particulars, apply to C. G. WILKINSON, proprietor, 6 E. WEAVER, proprietor.

**THE LIVINGSTON** 435 S. HILL ST.—RENOVATED THROUGHOUT; NEWLY furnished and under new management; private family hotel, with all the comforts of home; close to Central Park; cable and electric cars. E. M. DAY, proprietor.

**HOLLENBECK HOTEL** CAFE, 214 and 216 W. SECOND ST.—THE FINEST RESTAURANT in Southern California; Catering for all occasions; for parties in or out of the city. Oysters 50c per dozen. J. E. AULL & CO. Props.

**MADEAU HOTEL CAFE** 214-216 W. FIRST ST.—THE MOST ELEGANT PLACE to dine in Los Angeles; private and banquet rooms in cafe. H. W. CHASE, proprietor. G. E. AMUND, manager.

**HOTEL LINCOLN** COR. SECOND AND HILL STS.—FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL; appointments perfect; central location; electric cars pass to all points in city. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

**THE SOUTHERN** CORNER SECOND AND HILL—A NEW AND ELEGANTLY appointed house; European or American plan; summer rates. W. B. KAYANATH, Prop.

**REED HOUSE** 119 E. FIRST NEAR MAIN—ALL NEW, FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, \$5 to \$1 per day. Z. REED, formerly of Russ House, Prop.

**FUNERAL DIRECTORS—**  
**KREGELO & BRESEE**  
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.  
Tel. 243. 57 BROADWAY AND SIXTH STREET.

**STOCKS AND BONDS.**  
J. W. Nance, Richard Garvey, NANCE, GARVEY & CO., Investment Bankers and Brokers and Dealers in Real Estate. City and country property dealt in. Money to Loan on Real Estate. FOR SALE—A LOT OF GUARANTEED street improvement bonds. Apply to SCHREIBER, 237 W. First st.; office hours, 10, 10:30 a.m.

**SPECIALISTS—**  
Diseases Treated.  
SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, WARTS, etc., permanently removed by electricity. MRS. SEHNICK, complexion specialist, parlors 94 and 95 Potomac Bk. Bldg., with the L. Optical Institute, eyes examined free. 12 S. SPRING ST. MRS. DR. J. H. SMITH—SPECIALTY midwifery; ladies cared for during confinement at 721 Bellevue ave. Tel. 113.

ARTHUR GREEN, MAGNETIC HEALER; a full diagnosis of your disease free, 406 E. FIFTH ST., rooms 9 and 10, Grocer Bldg.

**CHIROPIDISTS—**  
And Manicures.  
MISS C. STAFFER, CHIROPIDIST and manicure. 211 W. FIRST, opp. Nadeau.

DR. B. ZACHAU, 124 S. MAIN, Nadeau 4 and 5. Diseases of the foot only.

**MASSAGE—**  
Vapor and Other Baths.  
MRS. L. B. RAY, experienced masseuse; open 3 days, Room 8, 2315 S. SPRING ST. FRENCH LADY, MAGNETIC HEALER, alcohol baths, 213 UTAH ST., Santa Monica.

## THE MORNING NEWS

—IN—  
**The Times.**

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BRIEFED.

(BY TELEGRAPH.) The Arkansas River breaks its banks at Wichita—A part of the town flooded—One corpse found—The heaviest rain on record in Kansas... The House passes the Anti-option Bill—Senator Hill and Senator Harris call each other names over the tariff bill... The Coxeyites to be neighbors of President Cleveland's family at Gray Gables—A California commander runs away from an United States marshal... A brutal prize-fight in New York... The Sheephead Bay meeting... A deathbed wedding at Fresno... Loss of a vessel in the North... The secretary of an A.P.A. lodge waylaid and robbed... Harry Reed beats Anette at Sheephead Bay... Two suicides at Wheatland... The Stanford University may not have to pay its inheritance tax... A plague of caterpillars... Judge Dundy busy trying wheelers at Sidney, Neb... Senator Gray testifies before the grand jury in the sugar investigation... The armor-plate frauds.

Dispatches were also received from Chicago, Omaha, San Francisco, Helena, Mont.; Alliance, O.; Washington, New York, Philadelphia, Pa.; Lisbon, Portugal; Streator, Ill., and other places.

**THE CITY.**  
Samuel Holroyd shoots and wounds a man named F. H. Day—Self-defense claimed... A. A. Nickerson, the young railroad man, arrested by the officers at Santa Monica and locked up on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses... Mayor Roman vetoes the ordinance providing for the abandonment of certain sanja rights-of-way... Henry Buck is found guilty of grand larceny in Department One... More about the Utley affair.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.**  
The Board of Trustees of San Bernardino propose to amend the Sunday-closing ordinance and allow soda water to be sold on the Sabbath... List of the entries and handicaps for the field-day sports to be held at Santa Ana.

## A CALIFORNIA GIRL.

Prince Poniatowski Engaged to Miss Sperry of Stockton.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
NEW YORK, June 22.—Prince Andre Poniatowski, who became so well known in the United States during the last four or five years, now officially, through the Herald, announces his engagement to Miss Beth Sperry of Stockton, Cal., a sister of Mrs. William H. Crocker of San Francisco. Miss Sperry and Mrs. Crocker have been staying for some time past in Paris, and will very soon be joined by Mr. Crocker and Mrs. Sperry. The marriage will probably take place in the autumn in Paris. In the meantime, Poniatowski will go to Biarritz, where Mrs. and Miss Sperry are about to pass the season.

## MISS SPERRY.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—Since her debut three years ago, Miss Sperry has been prominent in San Francisco society. Her father was the builder of the big Sperry flouring mills at Stockton, of which her brother, George Sperry, is the entire manager. Only a few months ago it was announced here that Prince Poniatowski was soon to marry Miss M. Bourke, the niece and apparent heiress of an Oakland millionaire. When Miss Bourke, visited this city last winter as the affianced bride of the same Prince, she was taken up by Mrs. Crocker and Mrs. Sperry and introduced to their friends at a large given in her honor at the Crocker residence, followed by one at the home of Col. C. F. Crocker. The three ladies were apparently very intimate, and were frequently seen together in public.

## A TRAIL OF CRIME.

J. J. Lancaster Dies at Greenville, Tex., Under Peculiar Circumstances.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
GREENVILLE (Tex.), June 22.—J. J. Lancaster, a new arrival here, died last Sunday under peculiar circumstances, nobody being present but his wife. The physicians, after examining as to his death, testified at the inquest that he died from poisoning. His wife made conflicting statements at the inquest and was suspected of having killed her husband. The grand jury began investigating the case and discovered that the woman had been in clandestine correspondence with a man named Bolling in Kentucky. A telegram was received today, stating that Mrs. J. J. Lancaster is now in Paducah, Ky., but that the woman passing as Mrs. Lancaster here is a woman who induced Lancaster to leave Kentucky. The telegram ordered the arrest and detention of all parties in the case, and Mrs. Lancaster was looked up in the County Jail. Lancaster was a man of considerable means and there is a strong chain of circumstantial evidence against his alleged wife.

## AFFILIATION.

The Printing Pressmen's Union Joins the Typographical Union.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
TORONTO (Ont.), June 22.—The Printing Press Union have taken steps to affiliate with the Typographical Union. At today's session the following officers were elected:

President, Theodore Galokowski of St. Louis; vice-president, Fred M. Young of Omaha; second vice-president, S. H. Shambrook of Toronto; third vice-president, William Guenther of St. Louis; secretary and treasurer, James Nelson of Brooklyn. The convention decided to meet in Philadelphia next year.

## ROPE AND BULLETS.

Lynching of the Negro, Henry Capps, at Magnolia (Ark.).

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
MAGNOLIA (Ark.), June 22.—Henry Capps, the negro who attempted rape upon three young ladies, was swung to a limb of a tree and about one hundred bullets put into his body. He implicated another negro, who has skipped out.

## ANTI-OPTION.

The Bill is Passed by the House.

The Tariff Again Terrifies Senator Hill.

He Vents His Spleen on Senator Harris.

Senator Allen Declares Congress is in the Hands of the Money Power—Senator Call and His Sky-blue Nose.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
WASHINGTON, June 22.—Senators Harris and Aldrich, after a conference today, expressed the opinion that the Senate would conclude consideration of the tariff bill in the committee of the whole tomorrow, and that the bill will be ready for return to the House before adjournment on Tuesday.

Mr. Pence of Colorado will make an effort to have the Bland Free Silver Bill attached as an amendment to the Anti-option Bill. Under ordinary circumstances the House would not have taken up the Bland Free Silver Bill, but as Livingston, an ardent silver man, is in charge, it is claimed a vote will be secured on the silver question.

## FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

REGULAR SESSION.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
WASHINGTON, June 22.—SENATE.—The House bill to incorporate the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias was reported favorably and immediately passed by the Senate today. The following bills also passed: Appropriating \$40,000 for test of the American timber by the Forestry Division of the Agricultural Department; making the first Monday in September, Labor day, a legal holiday; House bill granting the citizens of Sausalito, Cal., certain rights over the Lime Point military reservation. Senator Kyle took the floor to speak on tariff.

Senator Kyle made the general argument favoring the income tax, dwelling on the decline in farm values in the West. He argued that the protective system is responsible for the concentrated wealth in the hands of a few and that it is just and equitable that the farmer should bear the share of the burden of taxation, which their wealth made them able to bear. Senator Call of Florida shocked the spectators in the gallery by removing his shoes and elevating his sky-blue stockings to the neighboring desk, while he fanned himself with a palm leaf.

Senator Kyle then introduced the amendments to the income tax section. The most important was the one to reduce exemption from \$4000 to \$3000, and exempt from operation of the tax building and loan associations making loans only to shareholders; another provision was to exempt operating expenses, losses and interest of fixed indebtedness shall be excluded.

Other amendments provide that the tax will not apply to insurance business, conducted on the mutual plan. Senator Teller supported the income tax proposition. He quoted the utterances of the leaders of the Republican party, Oliver P. Morton, Senator Sherman and Senator Morrill, who advocated the tax in the past.

Senator Sherman followed Senator Teller in opposition to the income tax. Senator Patton, the new Republican Senator from Michigan, followed in a set speech against the general features of the tariff bill. Senator Allen repudiated the idea covertly and openly advanced by the opponents of the income tax that the Populists had no regard for property. He declared vehemently that Congress was in the hands of the money power. By the legislation forced by moneyed influence, fabulous and dishonest fortunes had been built up in this country. For weeks a railroad magnate had sat in a committee-room at the end of the Capitol trying to shape important legislation.

"If you want proof of that, I will give it to you," he shouted, dramatically. "Name him," said Senator Walsh. "I will name him to a committee of the Senate, if you want," said Senator Allen. "You talk of relieving the burdens of the people," interrupted Senator Hill. "Why did you vote against free sugar?"

"If that question were asked in a court-room," replied Senator Allen, "it would be called pettifoggery." "Whether it is pettifoggery or not, answer it," said Senator Hill. "The poor cannot live entirely on sugar," said Senator Allen. "Because it is one of the necessities of life," said Senator Hill.

Senator Allen said he had voted for a duty on sugar because Gen. Harrison left a bankrupt treasury when he left the White House. At the conclusion of Senator Allen's remarks, Senator Jarvis, Senator Vance's successor from North Carolina, made his maiden speech in support of the income tax. It was 6 o'clock when Senator Jarvis finished, and Senator Hill, who desired to reply to some of the remarks today, asked Mr. Harris, in charge of the bill, to yield to adjournment. The Senate had been sitting eight hours at a temperature in the chamber of 85 deg.

Senator Harris said he regretted that he could not comply with the request. The country, as well as the Senate, had rights as well as Senators. The country was entitled to know at the earliest moment what the fate of this bill was to be. Let Senators proceed now; let them exhibit their learning and their rhetoric, he said bitterly. "I will not move to adjourn as long as I can hold a quorum here," said he, "or as long as there is any means of obtaining a quorum. Let us stay here," he said, with a wave of his hand and a shake of his head, "not always, not all night, but for a reasonable time."

Senator Hill called attention to the fact that this was the first time this privilege had been refused. The Senator from Tennessee had kept a patient temper until

he (Mr. Hill) submitted this request. He had been exercised against him because he saw fit to antagonize this pet scheme that was so odious to him and the State he represented. Senator Harris interrupted to say that if progress had been made today he would have yielded to an adjournment. "The Senator says the time has been wasted," said Senator Hill. "It has," said Senator Harris, ruefully, from his seat. "Who the judge?" said Senator Hill. "I say it has been wasted yesterday \$4000 was fixed to the exemption in this bill. I argued yesterday that every \$1000 exempted made it more indefensible. "Yesterday the Democratic supporters of the income tax stood ready to vote for \$4000 exemption. Today the exemption is \$3000. Was that time wasted? Yesterday I argued against absolute exemption of savings banks. Today an amendment is brought in that exempts them. I think we are making very satisfactory progress. I think it is cruel, unjust and unworthy of the Senator from Tennessee that he should seek to crowd me tonight when I desire to reply to arguments made today."

"I accept the responsibility most cheerfully," replied Mr. Harris in a disgusted tone. "I will make the Senator accept other responsibilities," said Senator Hill, his eyes flashing. The New York Senator was evidently thoroughly aroused. "Proceed," ejaculated Senator Harris, without rising from his seat. "I will not be ordered by you," said Senator Hill, turning upon the Senator from Tennessee. "I will have none of your plantation manners exhibited toward me."

"Neither do I care for an exhibition of the manners of the slums of New York," retorted Senator Harris hotly, rising to his feet. "They are better than those of the plantations of Tennessee," said Senator Hill. Senator Harris made no reply and Senator Hill proceeded to call attention to the fact that he was in no way responsible for the delay on this bill. If anybody was responsible for the long delay on this bill, he said, it was the Committee on Rules and the Democratic majority which had refused to amend the rules by which they could control legislation.

Senator Hill was proceeding to discuss the question of changing the rules at length, when Senator Harris, realizing that he could not force the New York Senator against his will, maneuvered so a vote was held upon an important verbal amendment, and, this disclosing the absence of a quorum, he moved adjournment. In doing so he gave notice that tomorrow he should ask the Senate to elect until the tariff bill was finally completed in the committee of the whole and reported to the Senate.

At 7:10 o'clock the Senate adjourned. HOUSE.—Immediately on convening today the House went into committee of the whole on the Anti-option Bill. Mr. Aldrich of Illinois offered an amendment inserting flour in the list of agricultural products affected by the bill. Mr. Craib of Texas asserted the bill was vicious or deceptive, for it stated its purpose was to raise revenue by legalizing gambling and, if it suppressed gambling then it would not raise revenue. Mr. Aldrich's amendment was adopted on division by 52 to 33. The committee by a vote of 31 to 74 adopted an amendment offered by Representative C. W. Stone of Pennsylvania exempting thirty-day options from provisions of the bill.

Mr. Hatch of Utah, amid great confusion, raised the point of no quorum. Hatch says the Stone amendment will destroy the bill. On demand for a teller's vote the Stone amendment stood 92 to 92. It was thereby lost by a tie.

An amendment offered by Mr. Lacey of Iowa, providing that in case a seller described in this act shall in fact be the owner of the property concerned to be sold at time of the sale, failure to deliver at the time fixed in the contract, when caused by delay in transportation, or the fault of the carrier, shall be sufficient excuse for the non-payment of the final stamp tax, provided for in this act. Adopted.

Mr. Hatch was then recognized, and was given an hour to close the debate on the bill. The committee having risen, the first year and nay vote was on Cox's amendment, permitting future delivery sales in the course of business, which was agreed to 129 to 11.

Mr. Hartner of Montana offered a resolution to recommit the bill, with instructions to report it back with an amendment for free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1; to the House in order of the bill. The bill then passed, 149 to 87.

Immediately after the passing of the bill, the General Deficiency Appropriation Bill was taken up. After a few minutes had been spent in explaining the bill by Mr. Sayres, who has charge of it, in place of Mr. Breckinridge, the committee arose. At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 o'clock, the night session to be devoted to private pension bills.

## HE'S A JEWEL.

A Man With a Sallow Build Which Would Have Been Worth Money to Him.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
NEW YORK, June 22.—Special Customs Inspectors Brown and Donahue saw a man come off the steamship Havel, which just arrived, who had apparently abnormal development. He was met by a pretty woman and started to leave the wharf. The man's build made the inspectors suspicious and they stopped him. He declared he had nothing dutiable about him, but the inspectors began a search. This is what they found: Eleven fine meerschaum pipes, two Marquise rings, set with rubies and diamonds, three rings set with turquoise and pearls, seven rubies and pearls, six splendid turquoise rings, two emerald and pearl rings, two diamond brooches, a diamond scarf pin and a gold watch.

This is the banner personal seizure of the year. The jewels were all taken to the seizure-room of the Customhouse. The would-be smuggler gave his name as E. Frucht of No. 3 Youbeville avenue, Cleveland, O. He is a tobaccoist. The woman who met him is his wife. She nearly fainted during the search of her husband. As she was in a delicate condition the customs officers yielded to her entreaties and did not arrest her husband.

## A LOVE AFFAIR.

ST. PAUL, June 22.—J. H. Clapp, a salesman in the store of W. S. Dennis, was murdered tonight by L. Allen, one of the most prominent young men of the city. The killing grew out of a love affair. Allen has been arrested.

## BROKEN BANKS.

The Arkansas River's Over Draught.

The Levee at Wichita a Source of Great Alarm.

Houses and Goods Lost in the Rushing Flood.

The Heaviest Rain on Record in Kansas—Two Men Killed by Lightning Near Alledo in Illinois.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
WICHITA (Kan.), June 22.—The Arkansas River broke its banks here tonight and a portion of the city is flooded. There is great alarm among the colored people near the levee and hundreds of them are fleeing. The water tonight is higher than it has ever been and is still rising. It is probable that the city will be inundated before morning.

A deep, swift current is now flowing over Griswold Park and the adjoining residence portion of the town. The water is rising rapidly and another two feet will send it sweeping down Main street. The lower floors of many houses are already under water and people are excitedly loading their property into boats.

The great rain of yesterday has swollen all the streams of this section and most of them have broken over their banks. The farmers have already suffered an immense loss through the destruction of their crops and stock.

At midnight tonight the water is higher than it has been since the great flood of 1887. The body of a man with a trunk and a valise floated under the Douglas-avenue bridge a few minutes ago, and it is supposed the rise caught him while he was crossing the stream. The body could not be rescued at that hour.

Reports have come from the country to the effect that many houses are under water between here and Hutchinson, and the loss of stock and grain is very large. One farm, six miles north of here, has had thirty-two hogs swept away and has lost six head of cattle. The stock-yards here are completely under water.

LATER.—It is reported at 1 o'clock this (Saturday) morning that the water is about to flow into Lawrence avenue, this city. The Seventh-street bridge is in great danger, and if it collapses it will probably cause the destruction of eleven bridges below it. Reports from the west say another body of high water is coming down, and the people are greatly alarmed.

## KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

ALLEDO (Ill.), June 22.—The worst storm in years visited this city today, and much damage was done. Rev. Mr. Ferguson, residing at Sunbeam, nine miles south, and Frank Harvey, living near Pomeroy, nine miles north, were killed by lightning. A few horses and other stock were killed.

## RAIN IN KANSAS.

WICHITA (Kan.), June 22.—The heaviest rain on record fell all over Southern Kansas today, particularly in the counties constituting the corn belt. The rainfall in this city, according to the government test, was 4.07 inches for fifteen hours, while the heaviest rain heretofore has been 3.19 inches in twenty-four hours. Great floods are feared when the water reaches the river.

## TWO CAPTAINS.

Salvador Army Officers Unite Their Forces for Life.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
NEW YORK, June 22.—Capt. Joseph Harrison to Capt. Clara Whiteman. No capture of the Salvador army. The Salvador army were wedded last night in the Forty-seventh-street garison. The marriage ceremony was performed by Mr. Commander Ballington Booth. The best man was Capt. Peake, and the bridesmaid was Capt. Davis. On the platform were many prominent officers of the army and ten pretty young women, dressed as vestal virgins, while the garison was crowded with enthusiastic soldiers of both sexes.

It was a wedding ceremony as interesting as it was odd. While the enthusiasm was noisy almost to the point of riot at times, the wedding was very reverent and deeply religious. The barracks were heavily draped with flags of the Union and the Salvation Army. A sheet extended across the back of the platform, on which was printed in red letters: "For Time and Eternity Tonight."

Commander Booth, a sweet-faced and musical-voiced little woman, delivered a short address on marriage, and declared those in the army were all for love and none for money. She read several verses from the Bible, beginning, "The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want," and kept a running comment and application of the lines. Then she read the marriage articles, which declared that wedlock should interfere with the candidates in the army, but this, she explained, did not mean that they should ever be permanently separated. Then the candidates stepped forward with the best man and bridesmaid, and each in turn repeated after Commander Booth the declaration of the Episcopal marriage service, with some variations. After the ring had been slipped on the bride's finger, they were pronounced man and wife, "in the name of God and the Salvation Army."

The ceremony was followed by a volley that threatened to lift the roof, a prayer and a sacred song set to the tune of "Two Little Girls in Blue." The groom was formerly stationed at Nansonia and New Britain, and the bride has seen service at Wilmington, Del., Elkton, Md., and Washington and Brooklyn. They are each 24 years of age.

The Army of the Potomac.  
CONCORD (N. H.), June 22.—The exercises of the twenty-fifth annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac were closed today. Among the speakers were Gen. A. S. Webb, president-elect of the society, and Gen. Lucius Fairchild of Wisconsin.

## THE SAENGERFEST.

New York in the Possession of a Musical Army.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.  
NEW YORK, June 22.—A vast and enthusiastic army of German singers took possession of the town tonight. The seventh national meeting of the Saengerfest societies of the United States brought the members of the different organizations to the city. All day long they came from all points of the compass. The members were met by different reception committees and made comfortable for the parade of the evening. Over two thousand men were in line, the whole coming to an end with a grand float, representing the apothecary of music and song. Viewed from the arcade of the Madison Square Garden, the scene was inspiring in the extreme.

The first concert begins at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow night, at Madison Square Garden. The second concert will be on Sunday afternoon, and will be devoted to competitive prize singing. There will also be concerts on Sunday evening and on Monday. Each concert will be marked by special programmes, all of them including excerpts from the great masters.

## A BOLD ROBBERY.

Two Storekeepers Held Up and Locked Down.

Billou and Applegate of St. John the Victims of Two Strangers—A Plucky Officer in Pursuit.

By Telegraph to The Times.  
SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—(Special Dispatch.) A Willows dispatch says that the boldest robberies which ever occurred in this county took place at St. John last night. Billou & Applegate being the victims. About 9 o'clock in the evening the store of Billou & Applegate was entered by two strangers, who purchased a bottle of beer, tendering Billou a \$5 gold piece. When he went to the safe to get change the men confronted him with two revolvers and ordered him and his partner, Applegate, who was also in the office, to hand out the contents of the safe. They obeyed orders, and the robbers secured \$200 in silver and \$150 in gold. The robbers then searched the establishment in a manner showing that they were no novices at the business. Though they ransacked drawers for other valuables they took nothing but coin.

After securing the booty, the robbers drove their victims down into the cellar of the store and fastened the door. There they remained about an hour before they were able to escape. St. John is two miles from the Sacramento River and six miles from Chico. Officer Horner of Chico was on the ground early this morning, and soon struck the robbers' trail. He followed their tracks down the river road for sixteen miles, and then lost the trail. After hunting for four or five hours he discovered the river for four or five hours at 5 o'clock this evening he stumbled upon the camp of the men.

## ON HIS DEATHBED.

## A Fresno Wedding Under Sad Circumstances.

Charles Apparatte, a Wealthy Frenchman, the Groom.

His Bride Now a Widow for the Second Time.

The Stanford University Demurrer Sustained. Suicides at Wheatland—The Tiburon Island Tragedy—The Pacific Grove Conference.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service.

FRESNO, June 22.—At 3:30 o'clock yesterday morning Charles Apparatte was married to Mrs. Marianne Galean, a widow, and last night the body lay in an undertaking establishment.

Apparatte was a Frenchman, 37 years of age, and was engaged to Mrs. Galean. They were to have been married Sunday, but the bridegroom had contracted a severe cold and had been stricken with pneumonia. He grew rapidly worse, and yesterday made his last will. She had property to his betrothed. His friends, Nick Justy, a prominent physician, and Dr. Adair, the physician in attendance, refused to witness it, fearing that it might affect his mind for the worse. They hoped for his recovery till an early hour yesterday morning. At 9 o'clock the doctor informed Mr. Justy that Apparatte's end was close at hand, and that death must ensue shortly. Mrs. Galean was summoned and told of the sad news, as well as of the intention of the dying man to leave all his property to her.

It was deemed best that the lovers should marry. Apparatte was eager for the marriage, though he hesitated because he did not like the idea of leaving his sweetheart a widow so young. She said that she was willing, though, and Mr. Justy at once went to town, awoke the County Clerk to get the license, awoke Judge Crickton and at 3 o'clock in the morning the ceremony was performed. At 6 o'clock Apparatte was much better, and the doctor had a slight hope that he might be saved, but as the day waned the sick man grew worse, and at 6 o'clock tonight he died.

Apparatte is well and favorably known in Fresno circles. He had lived in Fresno County for over twenty years. He was a year and a half ago he owned and managed the Central Hotel at Huron. He then sold that place and purchased a fruit and alfalfa ranch near Madera. He left to his widow, together with considerable personal property. The widow is well-to-do in her own right. She is broken-hearted at her bereavement.

## A MASONIC EVENT.

Burial Told of the Heart of a Mexican Martyr.

OAKLAND, June 22.—The strangest incident in the history of Free Masonry, and one that is without its equal in the country, will take place at Mountain View Cemetery tomorrow. It is the burial, with Masonic rites, of the heart of Yencio Herrera y Carreras, one of the early governors of Mexico, and a Mason, whom the members of the order call a martyr to their cause.

His heart is now deposited in a casket in the Masonic temple of Oakland, and it has been since April 24 of last year. At that time it was brought from Mexico to Gethsemane Chapter No. 5, of the Rose Croix, by Mrs. K. C. Moore, wife of the Mexican Consul-General in San Francisco. When it was placed in the casket in the temple of Oakland, the casket in which it was deposited was in the walls of the Masonic Temple, in a place made known only to Masons. There it has been kept until the present time, and now it will be buried in Mountain View Cemetery with a monument to mark the spot. The foundation-stone of the monument will be laid tomorrow by the grand lodge of the order, and the casket will be placed in the monument.

Edwin A. Sherman will deliver an address, part of which will be in English and part in Spanish, for there will be many Mexican members of the order. The heart, inclosed in the casket, will be wrapped in two silken flags, one American and the other Mexican, and deposited under the foundation-stone of the monument. There will be lodges from all over the Coast in attendance. Several Mexican societies will also be present.

## KILLED BY INDIANS.

Further Particulars of the Tragedy on Tiburon Island.

YUMA (Ariz.), June 22.—Young O'Brien returned from Tiburon Island today. He says Robinson and Logan were surely killed by the Ceris cannibal Indians. He heard Logan say "Oh, George," three hundred yards away. Twenty shots were fired and he and Clark sat by three days, but saw no more Indians.

Gen. Luis Torres has sent fifty soldiers by steamer and one hundred soldiers overland to the island to investigate matters. Clark accompanied the steamer from Guaymas. He thinks Robinson was killed at the first volley. Four Indians tried to shoot O'Brien. O'Brien drove them off with a shotgun.

## THE INHERITANCE TAX.

Demurrer of the Stanford University Trustees Sustained.

SAN JOSE, June 22.—In the Superior Court today the demurrer of the defendant to the inheritance tax case, Stanford University, was sustained. It is the case by which it is sought to collect the "inheritance" tax. The demurrer was sustained on the point raised of lack of jurisdiction.

A similar demurrer had previously been sustained as to Mrs. Jane Stanford. It will be appealed to the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of the inheritance-tax law, passed by the Legislature at its last session.

## THE PACIFIC GROVE CONFERENCE.

A Heated Discussion Over the Sacramento Political Exhibition.

PACIFIC GROVE, June 22.—The most striking feature of the day's session of the San Francisco District Conference, which closed tonight, was the attack of Rev. T. H. Woodward on the State Republican Convention. In his paper on "Temperance" the clergyman endorsed Bishop Goodsell's strictures of yesterday on the doings of the delegates at Sacramento.

Bishop Goodsell made a vigorous address, in which he scored the Republican platform severely. A heated discussion followed, in which practical politicians were handled without gentleness.

## A FRUIT-PACKERS' COMBINE.

Five-hundred of the California Canneries are Concerned.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—The Chronicle says that a fruit-packers' combine, embracing five-hundred of the canneries throughout the State, has been formed.

Articles of incorporation will be filed with the Secretary of State tomorrow. The capital is \$500,000, of which \$300,000 has been paid up. The directors are: Marcus D. Gerstle, Max Sloss, William Thomas, William Thomas, William L. Merry and F. S. Johnson.

The object of the trust is to stop the cut-throat competition among the canneries. By combination prices will be kept at a profitable figure for growers and packers. A better grade of canned fruits is to be placed on the market, and the present brands improved. Operations are to be commenced in two weeks. The fruit combine is the largest in the world, and the value of the fruit handled will aggregate millions of dollars. The chief canneries of the trust will be located at San Jose. In all 2000 men, women and children will be employed by the combine.

## TO THE GOLD FIELDS.

Steamer Santa Clara Fitting in Oakland Creek.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—The steamer Santa Clara is being fitted up in Oakland Creek for a long trip to the gold fields of South Africa, and the destination and object of the voyage of the vessel is being advertised far and wide, so that a good list of passengers may be secured to go with her. She is billed to leave about July 1, and it is expected by that time that her cabins and other accommodations for passengers will be all engaged.

Suicides at Wheatland. WHEATLAND, June 22.—Two citizens of this place committed suicide this morning. Hugo T. Kanop, a hard-working German, was found with a can of squirrel poison. A. M. Wilson, an old soldier, used a rope. Loss of money caused the first and a weak mind the second suicide.

## THE MIDWINTER FAIR.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—The Midwinter Fair admissions today were 10,135.

## SHIPWRECKED.

The Loss of the Whaling Bark James Allen.

Five of the Crew are Taken to Port Townsend—Terrible Privations Suffered.

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.), June 22.—The barkentine John Wooster, eleven days from Alaska, arrived today with five of the crew of the lately wrecked whaling bark, James Allen. Forty-one men, including Capt. Huntley, first and second officers, are missing. The vessel is total wreck.

Two men-of-war visited the scene of the disaster two weeks later, and found not a vestige of the wreck. Joseph Dewatt, third officer of the Allen, came down on the Wooster, and tonight gave the Associated Press correspondent the following account:

"The accident occurred at about 1:30 o'clock, on the morning of May 11. I was on watch, and the weather being very thick, foggy and cold, and a drizzling rain was falling. The sun had been hidden four or five days, and we lost our exact reckoning, and believed we were further east than we really were. Suddenly, while lying to, the vessel struck a reef, which jarred the bark from stem to stern, and brought all hands on deck. A few seconds later she struck another reef, with an awful crash, tearing the keel to pieces. Before the pumps could be started the water began coming through the lower hatches. The first two boats lowered were smashed to pieces against the side of the ship. The first mate's boat was the first to go, and he and the second mate were killed.

"Capt. Huntley was charged with the deck, and was busily engaged in launching boats, and getting the crew off the sinking vessel. All hands had gotten into four boats, and now it was ready to launch. Capt. Huntley went into the cabin. Everywhere it was pitch dark, and the only way to distinguish a person was by the voice. I went to the cabin and found it full of water and with floating debris. The captain loudly three times and got no reply. The ship began to heave and lurch, when the ship lurched forward and sank. It is barely possible that the captain might have gotten to one of the boats, although our cook says the captain did not come out of the cabin. My boat was partly stove in, and by effort we kept it free of water. We sailed forty miles west, landed on a barren island without food, and without any provisions. We were unable to ascertain which one of our boats it was. As my boat was making water, we were unable to catch up with the other boat and the thick weather soon obscured her from sight. It was possible that she landed on some of the Western islands and a part of the crew were thereby saved."

JOSEPH DEWATT, third officer. CHARLES MINTYRE, fourth officer. JOHN ROACH, first mate. TOM GORDGE, cook. PETER PETERSON, seaman. MAX GAHRE, seaman. FRED HILL, seaman, and one other, name unknown, a boat steerer.

Three of the men remained in Unalaska and the others came down on the Wooster. The men who arrived here tonight are foreign born and have told several conflicting stories on the passage down. At one time they averred the mate and captain were drowned in the cabin. They now generally deny and state that the mate got into the second mate's boat. Stories about the captain's disappearance in the cabin are also contradictory.

The survivors told dreadful tales of the privations from hunger and cold experienced after the accident. They subsisted on fish caught on the beach eight days after the wreck. Three or four revenue cutters and men-of-war left Unalaska for Emily Island and vicinity to thoroughly search for the missing men. The general opinion prevails that all the missing men are drowned.

The stormiest weather ever experienced on the Coast prevailed at the time of the wreck. The revenue cutter Bear came into Unalaska and took the news of the wreck of the Allen, which carried whaling supplies to Point Barrow, the rendezvous of the fleet.

## MARSHAL COOK'S MURDER.

DENVER (Colo.), June 22.—Gov. Waite has granted a respite to Levi J. Streeter, who was at the gallows yesterday during the execution of John J. Bell. It is expected that Streeter will be executed during the week beginning September 23. Streeter was sentenced to death for the murder of Marshal Cook at Como.

## HELD BY THE ENEMY.

Adjt.-Gen. Tarsney of Colorado Kidnaped.

He is Taken from His Hotel by Seven Masked Men.

They Then Convey Him to the City's Outskirts.

A Meeting of Miners at Punksatunway Resolves to Stay a Strike of Bakers in Lisbon, Portugal—At Other Points.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service.

COLORADO SPRINGS (Colo.), June 22.—At midnight tonight Adjt.-Gen. Tarsney was kidnaped by seven masked and false-bearded men. He was called to the telephone at the hotel. As he stepped into the office he was struck over the head, quickly placed in a hack and driven to the eastern part of the city.

## A PULLMAN BOYCOTT.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Unless the Pullman Company agrees to arbitrate its differences with its men within five days a boycott will be put on its cars wherever the American Railway Union is powerful enough to stop them. This is the positive assertion made last night by Eugene IV. Debs and George W. Howard, president and vice-president, respectively, of the organization with which the Pullman strikers have identified themselves. Yesterday afternoon a committee from the Pullman strikers announced to the convention that they had but \$1000 left in the relief fund, which was being drawn upon at a rate exceeding \$300 per day, and they believed that they should not wait before appealing to the organization as a whole for aid, which must, sooner or later, be given. A delegate arose at the conclusion of the strike men's meeting and made an appeal for a five-cent-a-week levied upon every member of the union, to continue until the strike is settled.

This was seconded, when Chairman Lovejoy of the Finance Committee made the statement that the Pullman Company had refused to arbitrate, and moved that the weekly assessment be made 10 cents. This was agreed to, and the motion was put and carried.

Vice-President Howard then requested every delegate present to telegraph to his local union immediately for instructions regarding the Pullman strike. Not less than two hundred of the representatives had heard from their constituents, he said, and in every case, it was agreed that immediate action in cutting off the cars.

"President Debs followed, and said: 'I believe that every delegate in this room has full power to act, or he would not have been here. He should reach out now and strangle this monster Pullman—not Pullman, the man, but Pullman, the corporation. If you were to cut off the Pullman Company, you would be grinding monopoly open this minute, not one drop of human blood of sympathy or feeling would come out. If you got anything from this strike, it would be something in the nature of Mayonnaise sauce. We should act at once. To defer action is useless. Some will say that we are not sufficiently organized, and on what authority? If we do not prove our strength today.'"

A motion was then carried to the effect that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to report back to the convention within twenty-four hours. It is learned, too, that the committee will report favorably on the proposition to arbitrate, and during the morning to wait upon the officials of the Pullman Car Company, made a report immediately upon the opening of the afternoon session, which was held behind closed doors.

C. A. Tomlin of Roodhouse, Ill., chairman of the committee, reported they had been received by Vice-President Wicks of the Pullman Company, and when they were told that they were a committee of the A.R.U., appointed to once more ask the Pullman Company to arbitrate the differences between the strikers and the Pullman Company. Vice-President Wicks replied he had already stated the position of the company on this question and the situation remaining was for the strikers to decide whether they would accept the Pullman Company's offer or not. He said that unless the decision is reversed before 12 o'clock noon, of Wednesday, the A.R.U. will declare a general boycott on all of the Pullman Company in this country. No reply was given to this and the committee left without parley.

When this was made known to the convention in executive session, a boycott was declared on all Pullman cars, beginning Wednesday next at noon, unless some word is received from the Pullman Company before that time. This motion was cheered to the echo, and when it had been adopted the delegates arose from their chairs and cheered lustily.

The discussion of the strike the delegates proceeded to elect officers for the ensuing year. President Debs, Vice-President Howard, L. J. Rogers, William Hogart, Roy E. Goodwin and W. B. Burns were re-elected directors by acclamation. Two more, completing the board, will be chosen tomorrow. Secretary Keely was also re-elected. After adopting a resolution favoring bimetalism the convention adjourned.

DENOUNCING PRESIDENT M'BRIE. STREATOR (Ill.), June 22.—The convention of miners of the Northern Illinois District, held at St. Joseph, Mo., last night, denounced President M'Bride, and moved to hold out for last year's prices. The operators were invited to meet the delegates, but refused, saying they would abide by the Columbia River arbitration.

TROOPS FOR WALTON. PUNKSATUNWAY (Pa.), June 22.—The Fifth and Sixth Regiments and the Sheridan troops under command of Brig.-Gen. John A. Wiley, reached here at 7 o'clock. The troops were marched at once to Walton, the scene of the trouble.

Bell Lewis and Yates Company have given out that they intend to start their mines immediately. They have offered 35 English-speaking Poles 35 cents net, 5 cents below the price offered them last week. The miners held a meeting this afternoon and unanimously resolved to stay out and strike rather than accept the 35-cent rate, and adopted another resolution to stand out for 45 cents, being 5 cents more than they agreed on the compromise.

## LATER.

Everything is quiet at Walton tonight. The arrival of the State troops put a stop to the schemes of the foreigners.

MT. VERNON COLLIERIES. HOLTSDALE (Pa.), June 22.—Notices were posted today by the United States Colliers Company that Mt. Vernon colliers would start on Monday at the old rate of 50 cents per gross ton. The notices were a pleasant surprise to the miners, as the companies seemed determined to pay no more than 40 cents.

Soldiers surrounded Walton without a shot being fired except the accidental discharge of a cavalryman's carbine. At Bell Lewis & Co.'s land skirmish line was formed and a careful search was made for ambushed strikers and cannons, but they had disappeared. Early today crowds of foreigners were stationed on the hills overlooking town. At the approach of the militia they ran to the houses or broke for the woods.

This afternoon the coal company notified the foreigners to vacate the company's premises. Those refusing will be evicted. A collision is expected before long. Last night Hungarians and Italians raided the company stores at Walton and Adrian.

## INCENDIARISM.

PHILIPSBURG (Pa.), June 22.—Last night the Tipton mine and railroad cars at the Colver mines were burned by strikers. About 1500 miners marched to Mountaineer, where the men are working at old rates. They made a thorough search for the working miners, but could not find them.

TO CONTINUE THE STRIKE. SCOTTDALE (Pa.), June 22.—The miners' delegate convention was attended by forty-four delegates. Resolutions to continue the strike were adopted.

## LISBON BAKERS.

LISBON, June 22.—The encampment of 600 bakers, who struck against the municipal regulation requiring master bakers to deposit \$8000 rise guarantee that they will sell bread at a fixed price, was surrounded by the military and police today. The bakers were escorted into Lisbon and compelled to resume work under military and police supervision. Many strikers are Spaniards, who will be immediately expelled from Portugal.

LONDON, June 22.—A later dispatch to the Times from Lisbon says that the strikers escaped after the river in lighters. Five hundred municipal guards have been sent in pursuit of them. Three hundred of the Spanish strikers have been arrested, and will be sent to Cadiz in the morning in a military transport.

## BLEW UP A BRIDGE.

WICHITA (Kan.), June 22.—A mob at Round Pond tonight blew up the bridge of the Rock Island with dynamite, just as the city strikers were passing. The train passed the bridge without stopping, according to the ordinance, the engineer was shot at twice.

## INDIANA.

The State Convention of Miners Calls the Strike Off.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service. INDIANAPOLIS, June 22.—The miners' strike so far as it relates to Indiana was formally declared off tonight at the called State convention of the block and bituminous coal miners of this State. The delegates representing 5000 miners of this State, who voted to accept the Columbus scale of 60 cents for bituminous and 70 cents for coal, was carried by a vote of 23 to 14. Notwithstanding the acceptance of the scale the sentiment was strong against the officers who signed it.

THE MASSILLON OPERATORS. MASSILLON (O.), June 22.—The Massillon operators announced their intention today of resuming work in the mines throughout the district with old men if possible, and if not, with new. They will pay 60 cents.

## A HORRIBLE DEATH.

What the Party Searching for George Colgate's Body Found.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service. MISSOULA (Mont.), June 22.—The expedition which left Missoula May 11 in search of the body of George Colgate, the cook to the Carlin party, and who was abandoned by that party last fall in the Clearwater country, one of the wildest frontiers in America, has just returned. The body of Colgate was not found, but sufficient evidence was obtained to justify the conclusion that he died a horrible death. On the limb of a tree, which projected into the eddy of the middle fork of Clearwater River, was found one sleeve caught under a huge boulder.

The indications were that the body was washed down the river about half a mile, where the unfortunate man was killed by Carlin and his party, and caught in the eddy. A sleeve caught in the limb of a tree and the current being intensely rapid, the arm was torn from the body and remained there. The blankets left by the unfortunate man were discovered. The party was found, and indicated that Colgate must have died a raving maniac, as the blankets had been strapped to his back by the Carlin party, and when this expedition found them they were just above high-water mark.

Martin Spencer, who was the guide to the Carlin party, and who also guided this expedition, arrived at the spot where Colgate had to be abandoned.

The statements furnished by Ben Keely, who was the Carlin party, to the investigation were proven false by this expedition. Keely claimed the abandonment of Colgate was entirely unnecessary and due to the fact that the Carlin party was not in the country. The investigation was made by this expedition, and it is plainly evident that it is a miracle that any of the members of the Carlin party escaped. The expedition was made right down to the edge of the river and tower 4000 feet high, almost perpendicular. A portion of young Carlin's diary was found, which reads:

"One day he said to me, 'Mr. Carlin, I am afraid you will never forgive me for all the trouble I have caused you. Do you think we will ever see you again? No one could tell, but that I hoped so.'"

"He replied: 'If it comes to a pass where I cannot be carried, you must leave me here, and I will be a soldier before and can be one again.'"

This page was found under a boulder, which had evidently rolled on it, and was much worn and the writing was scarcely legible.

This expedition was extremely hazardous, having been made, as it was, in a region where the mountains are so much swollen and the snow makes travel dangerous. The expedition encountered twenty feet of snow in places.

The bones of the unfortunate George Colgate are now somewhere at the bottom of the middle fork of Clearwater River, and that his remains should be recovered is an opportunity of giving them decent burial.

## THEIR CONCESSION.

The Republicans' Silver Plank Criticised.

It is Stated to Be in Conflict With Other Doctrine.

The Demand Said to Be a Queer One for California.

Programme for the Meeting of the Republican League Clubs at Denver—Col. Breckinridge on the Stump.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service.

CHICAGO, June 22.—The Chicago Tribune (Republican) editorially this morning says:

"The California State Republican Convention has made an out-and-out declaration for silver monometallism. Its resolutions state that the convention favors 'the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the making of silver as well as gold legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.'"

"This declaration is in direct conflict with the currency doctrine laid down in the Republican national platform, formulated at Minneapolis, and is the substitution of the popular platform on silver. The plank is the height of financial folly. There is no occasion for the second part of the demand, as debtors now can and do pay their debts with silver and silver paper. The gold would disappear entirely if the first part of the demand were granted. They would be no 'gold' money, but 'silver' money, and the mint would be thrown open to the free coinage of silver on the false theory that sixteen ounces of the metal are of equal value with a single ounce of gold, when it takes some thirty-three ounces of silver to buy one ounce of gold in the world's market."

"As well might these silverites expect that a consequence of their action any broker would freely give \$2 in exchange for \$1, each of the coins being silver, as to think that any man would be such a fool as to take a \$10 gold piece in discharge of a debt when he could buy ten silver dollars with a \$5 gold piece and pay the debt with that amount of silver under free coinage."

"This demand is an especially strange one to be made in California, the Eldorado of the West; the State which maintains the gold standard, and has won the reputation of being the great silver state following when gold was at a premium east of the Rockies; a State which is producing \$14,000,000 worth of gold per year and no silver, and increasing its gold output at such a rate as to promise to double that production at the close of the century."

"The action of the California convention is so strange it is hard to believe it has not been misrepresented by the press. It was easy enough to understand how silver would be a national asset to be won by the State of Nevada, Utah, and neighboring territory, could deem it to their interest to get up an agitation for 'free silver,' but the folks on the Pacific Slope do not seem to have any sense."

"They endorse the position of the enemy, who would cut under their feet the ground they stand upon, and on whose prosperity is based. They are as unreasonable as the child which cried because refused permission to play with a mad dog, and then wanted to be with him. If Congress granted them their demand they would have the Mexican free silver system, where the dollar is worth its weight in silver, and the value of silver and paper currency each dollar of it being equal to gold in purchasing power."

## LEAGUE CLUBS.

DENVER, June 22.—The State Executive Committee has decided upon the following programme for the National Convention of the League of Republican Clubs, which convenes next week:

Monday—Meeting of the State League Convention in the Broadway Theater. Open meeting in the evening, at which speakers will be provided.

Tuesday—Meeting of the National League Convention in the Broadway Theater in the morning. Mass-meeting in the evening.

Wednesday—Second day of the National League Convention. Reception at the Brown Palace Hotel in the evening by the League of Republican Clubs.

Thursday—Excursion to the mountains and end of the meeting.

Among the guests will be Steven B. Elkins of West Virginia, and ex-Secretary Charles Foster.

## TEXAS POPULISTS' STATE TICKET.

WACO (Texas), June 22.—Following is the full State ticket nominated by the Populist State Convention, which adjourned today:

Governor, Judge D. Nugent; Lieutenant-Governor, Marion Martin; Attorney-General, R. S. Bell; Treasurer, Henry L. McCallister; Commissioner of General Land Offices, S. C. Granbury; Comptroller, R. M. More; State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Addison Clark.

## ALL SORTS OF MEN.

DES MOINES (Iowa), June 22.—The industrial party, a new organization, combining all sorts of labor and money parties, has placed in nomination J. H. Barcroft of Des Moines for candidate for Congress in the Seventh Iowa District.

## TILLMAN'S HOT STUFF.

CAMDEN (S. C.), June 22.—In the joint speech-making of Gov. Tillman and Senator Butler today, the Governor said: "Mr. Cleveland would rather see Butler in the Senate than have Ben Tillman go there. If I go there, I promise that I will use that pitchfork in his old fat ribs."

## COL. BRECKINRIDGE STUMPING.

LEXINGTON (Ky.), June 22.—Col. Breckinridge passed through Lexington tonight on his way to Frankfort. He speaks at Monterey, Owen county, tomorrow. He will speak at Hutchinson Station on Monday and at Newcastle on Monday evening.

## LOST HIS RECORDS.

The Financial Secretary of an A.P.A. Lodge Waylaid. ST. LOUIS, June 22.—Alvin Reed, an A.P.A. leader and financial secretary of Compton Hill Council No. 47, was sandwiched on Tuesday night while on his way home from the lodge and robbed of the records of his society. On the same night A. N. McBride, recording secretary of the council, was waylaid in a lonely spot by four masked men, but he fought his way out of the trap with the aid of a loaded revolver and escaped unharmed. Compton Hill Council is one of the largest branches of the A.P.A. in St. Louis. It was organized about three years ago, and has over five hundred members. Meetings are held every Tuesday night.

St. Xavier's branch of the Central League meets every Thursday night near the meeting place of the A.P.A. Council. Its members are all anti-A.P.A. men, and for some time there has existed a feeling of bitter enmity between the members of the two organizations.

Of late the feeling has grown so strong that boycotts have been declared by members of St. Xavier on every merchant that is known to belong to the A.P.A. Reed lives on Rutger street, and while walking home from a meeting of the council Tuesday night he felt a tug at the back of his arm and instantaneously he was seized by his wrist, and at that instant there came a violent blow on the side of his head. The blow stunned Reed and he fell into the gutter. One of his assailants then pounced upon him and choked him, while the others picked up the books and ran. The man who did the choking did not relax his hold until his companions were out of sight. Then he sprang to his feet and disappeared in the darkness. Reed had a considerable sum of money in his pocket that had been collected at the lodge, but no effort was made to take either it or his gold watch or chain.

McBride says four men with masks over their faces sprang at him out of the darkness, but before they could reach him he drew a revolver and threatened to shoot if they came closer. One of the four said he would not harm him, but kept his revolver leveled at them and they went away. He reached home without further incident. While Reed and McBride claim to have heard of threats being made by members of St. Xavier's League against A.P.A. officials, and suspect that organization of being implicated in the assault, neither has any proof of the fact.

## ALTERED REPORTS.

Testimony Relating to the Armor Plate Fraud. Associated Press Leased-Wire Service. WASHINGTON, June 22.—Charles S. Craig of Edgewood Park, Pa., was today before the Congressional committee investigating armor-plate fraud. He was associated with C. F. Sill in giving the information of the irregularities at the Carnegie works. His evidence was very like that given by Sill and corroborative of it. He testified that he made reports of the work on armor-plates from the workmen's states, giving the actual work done. The reports were submitted to Superintendent Kline, who changed them to bring the work up to the government standard. He altered reports were then furnished the government officers. Craig gave from his notebook a list of armor-plates which had been made by the Carnegie works and turned over to the government as test plates. He gave details of the retreating of each plate. Many of them were retreating after the government had rejected them. Craig testified that he had been instructed by Superintendent Kline to burn the original records showing the real work done. Craig said that, while assistant heater, he observed many of the plates which were retreating. He gave the technical details of these irregularities. This was done without the knowledge of the government officers, and he gave a list of the plates which he had retreating. He had heard Kline complain to Assistant Manager Hunsicker that the plates were necessary. Mr. Craig identified a number of alterations in reports made by Kline.

## CRIES QUITS.

A Scottish Assembly Which Cares Not to Fight its Battles O'er Again.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service. CHICAGO, June 22.—The Scottish Assembly at a largely-attended meeting last night entered its protest against the celebration of the centennial of the signing of the Scottish Presbyterian Church Sunday in a resolution which declared that such celebrations tend to annoy and irritate their English brethren, whom they hold in the highest esteem. The resolutions further characterize the celebration in bad taste and should not be encouraged, even if it does recall a battle won five centuries ago.

In conclusion, the resolution invites the English people of Chicago to participate in the picnic of the assembly on August 1, and assures them that the prominent Englishmen of Chicago will be much honored to share the banquet with the Scottish Presbyterian chiefs upon that occasion to show that the assembly has no bitterness for its fellow-citizens of the British empire.

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## MONEY TO LOAN.

Loans money in any amounts on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry, seal skins, merchandise, etc.; also on pianos, iron and steel safes, and furniture.

in lodging-houses, boarding-houses and hotels, without removal; partial payment received; money quick; business confidential; private office for JOHN DE GROOT, manager, rooms 2, 3 and 114 S. Spring st.

**NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.**

Money to loan on collateral security, jewelry, pianos, diamonds, furs, professional brokers, lodging-houses, hotel furniture and merchandise etc.; business strictly private and confidential; money quick. JOHN JONES, manager, room 7, 121 Temple st. cor. Temple and New High sts.

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**MONEY TO LOAN—\$1000 TO \$100,000 ON FOREIGN AND MAIL ST.**

**BANK, 420 S. Main st.**

**SAVINGS**

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**TO LOAN—\$500 TO \$100,000 ON CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY; 5% TO 8 per cent. n. without delay; mortgages and bonds bought and sold; loans made on personal security. JOHN L. PAVKOVICH, broker, 230 W. First st.**

**MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, RENTAL PROPERTY, ETC., AT LOWEST RATE PAYABLE IN MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS, EQUALLY DIVIDED. HOME INVESTMENT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, W. A. Bonyngue, secretary, 1 S. Broadway.**

**TO LOAN—\$1000 TO \$4000 AT 8 PER CENT. NET, ONLY ON BEST IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY.**

**MONEY LOANED ON DIAMOND** watches, jewelry, pianos, live stock, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of personal security. **LEE BROS.**, 402 S. Spring st.

**WE PAY YOUR MORTGAGE TAXES AND** loan you money for building purposes at 10 per cent. **F. H. TRUE,** 24 208 W. Third st.

**MONEY TO LOAN—IN LARGE OR** small amounts, at current rates, on approved security. **WEATLEY & CO.** 208 Bradbury building.

**DAN McFARLAND,** 430 BRADBURY building (Tel. 1204), buys and sells mortgages, bonds, stocks; **MONEY** 10 to 20 per cent.

improve real estate.  
**TO LOAN—\$300 TO \$50,000 ON LOS ANGELES** real estate; call and see me for low rates on inside property. **H. HARRIS**  
 148 S. Main st.  
**MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATE** without commission; first-class mortgages bought. **CHAS. M. STIMSON**, 10 W. First st.  
**IF YOU WANT MONEY WITHOUT DELAY**, no commission, at prevailing rates see **SECURITY SAVINGS BANK**, 10 S. Main st.  
**GEORGE S. ROBINSON LOANS MONEY** on collateral security, also on city and country property; low interest. **213 V. FIRST ST.**

**MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT DELAY.** O real estate or personal property. HAY LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO., 321 1/2 Spruce St.

**MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT.** payable in monthly installments. JOHN A. WEIR & CO., 312 Stimson building.

**MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE** of interest. O'BRIEN INVESTMENT CO., 330 Bradbury building.

**\$4000 TO LOAN AT 6 OR 7 PER CENT** according to security. O'BRIEN INVESTMENT CO., Bradbury Bldg.

**MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE** at **MORTIMER & HARRIS**, attorneys-at-law, 78 Temple Block.

**MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE** at

7 and 8 per cent. C. A. SUMNER  
CO., 107 S. Broadway.

R. W. POINDBEXTER, 306 W. SECOND,  
lends money in sums to suit at reasonable  
rates in city or country.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE  
BROWN & MUNT, N.E. cor. Second  
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TO LOAN—\$5000; 6 PER CENT. ON CITY  
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**MONEY WANTED—**

WANTED TO BORROW \$1000 FOR ON-  
year, first-class security. REID & CO.,  
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**DENTISTS—**  
And Dental Rooms.

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**TEETH—**  
**TEETH—**

**ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS,**  
329½ S. Spring st.  
Extracting, 50c.  
Filling, \$1.  
Plates, \$5, \$8, \$10.  
Warranted as good as can be made.

—TEETH

-TREET

DR. L. W. WELLS, SPRING AND  
First, Wilson Block; elevator; go  
crown and bridge work a specialty; teeth  
extracted; no pain. Room 1.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, 124 1/2 S. Spring St.  
Painless extracting; new process, first  
class work, at lowest prices.

W. H. MASSER, GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY  
and medicine, room 14, California  
Bank building.

DR. J. E. YOUNG, DENTIST, 221  
SPRING ST., rooms B and C.

DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS  
1 and 2, 125 1/2 S. SPRING ST.

**A** **TTORNEYS.**  
CARTER & PIERCE, LAWYERS, OFFICES 36 to 38 Bryson Bldg., Los Angeles

**NOTARIES.**  
R. D. LIST, NOTARY PUBLIC; LEGAL papers carefully drawn. 127 W. 2ND.

**LEGAL**  
**Notice.**  
Application for License - Saloon.

[illegible]

my hand and under my official seal this  
16th day of June, 1894.

T. H. WARD,  
Clerk of Los Angeles County, California, and  
ex-Officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors  
Thereof.

By C. W. BELL, Deputy Clerk.

## Examination of Teachers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE  
semi-annual examination of teachers will be  
held in the Spring-st. school building, be-  
tween Fifth and Sixth sts., Los Angeles, Cal.,  
beginning on Monday, June 25th, at 10 o'clock  
a.m.

All applicants for teachers' certificates must  
be present at the beginning of the examina-  
tion.

Applicants holding their primary grade certificates granted in this county, who desire to take the grammar grade examination must be present on Thursday, June 23th, at 1 o'clock p.m.

All teachers desiring their certificates renewed must file applications for renewal with the secretary of the board on or before June 23th.

By order of the county board of education  
W. W. SEAMAN, Secretary.

## Bonds for Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE board of directors of the Linda Vista Irrigation District of San Diego county, California, that said board intends to sell \$20,000. of the bonds of said district on Tuesday the

3d day of July, 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of said amount of bonds at its office, in said district, until that day and hour, when the proposals will be opened and considered by said board.

(Seal) JAMES P. JONES, President.

GEO. K. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

Dated June 8th, 1894.



# The Land and Its Fruits.

## ORCHARD AND FARM.

### RANCH AND STOCKMAN.

#### RURAL LIFE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

#### Crops and Markets.

The Weather Bureau reports that the early part of the week has been warmer than has yet occurred this season, but with the temperature continuing to range below the average. The latter part was cooler with fresh to brisk winds. The deficiency in temperature averaged four degrees daily at Los Angeles and the same daily deficiency prevailed at San Pedro. The weather was generally fair, cool, cloudy nights and clear days were the rule; no rainfall was reported, which is the normal condition at this time of the year. The weather was favorable for the retention of the soil moisture, the growth of summer crops and standing hay, but was retarding to fruit ripening; fruits are now several weeks later than usual in ripening. The hay crop turned out better than expected in some localities, owing to the cool, damp weather and some light rains late in the season, but the crop is still far below the average yield.

Apriots promise to be small; blackberries are being marketed and selling at very reasonable prices, grapes and walnuts promise well, in fact this is the case with all fruits except peaches, which in some localities will be a rather light crop. Apricot drying will begin at Pomona about the first of next month. From Ontario it is reported that all varieties of fruit are very backward and Royal apriots will not be ripe before the first of July. The last oranges will leave Ontario this week.

The local markets have been fairly well supplied with fruit during the past week, chiefly apriots, cherries and berries. Up to the present the apriots have been of small size. Cherries are all of northern production. From San Diego county it is announced that cherries are being shipped from the Julian district. Peaches have begun to appear in the market.

The barley market continues steady. Growers are firm in the conviction that they will get better prices later on. In San Francisco the market has been fluctuating, but the buyers have not been able to create any serious break in prices. There is going to be a very short crop in Southern California, and growers who have barley this year ought to see that they make up the losses of last season, when many of them were forced to sell their grain at less than cost.

As a general thing it may be stated that all varieties of produce rule firm at present in the local market, with an upward tendency. About the only exception to this is butter, which continues depressed, owing to the low prices which are current in the East and North. The market is also influenced by the increased output from the local creameries, which are turning out a good deal more butter than they did a few years ago. There is no immediate prospect for an improvement in the price of this product.

#### A Raisin Combine.

Following on the organization of the Orange-growers' Association in Southern California, a Raisin-growers' Association was recently formed in Fresno county, as mentioned at the time in these columns. An auxiliary organization has since been formed in the shape of a combination of raisin-packers and growers for the upholding of prices. This combination is based on strictly business principles, and the members are confident that it will be successful. At a meeting of the growers and packers who handle about three-fourths of the San Joaquin Valley product, E. G. Chadwick, manager of the Home Packing Company, as chairman of a committee appointed to devise a plan for insuring a systematic and uniform grading of raisins, submitted a rough report. He advised that packers were to put up certified checks of \$10,000 as an assurance of fidelity. Packers who did not sell their goods personally were to give a bond of \$5000. A corps of graders was to be established of competent men, to insure that all packs would be of uniform quality. An important change was made in the grades in which raisins were to be packed. There will be no more second-grade layers. There will be only the "three-crown." There will, however, be three grades of clusters—four-crown London, five-crown Delmas and six-crown Imperials. Only four-crown loose raisins are to be packed in twenty-pound boxes. There will be four other grades. These are three-crown, two-crown, seedless and damaged fruit, which will be termed "off grade." These are to be packed in fifty-pound boxes. There is to be no more packing in sacks.

Another important change for the raisin-growers was the agreement to sell goods only "f. o. b." A heated discussion as to what "f. o. b." sales meant resulted in an agreement to send no goods to brokers for the sale on arrival. Goods are to be sent to bona-fide purchasers only, and this is to be accompanied by a sight draft for the full value of the goods shipped. It was finally agreed that a compromise to have the contract stand when 80 per cent of the packing of the San Joaquin Valley was represented in it.

Raisins have touched exceedingly low prices of late, and it was high time that some such movement as this was put under way. In Southern California the raisin industry has been largely overshadowed during the past few years by other branches of horticulture. A large quantity of raisins are still packed, however, at Riverside, Eureka, and a few other places, and it would be a good idea for the growers in this section to organize for their mutual advantage.

#### Oranges all the Year.

A. D. Walker, Jr., of Charleston, has discovered, and is now having patented, a compound which promises to bring him both wealth and fame. His discovery consists in a mixture which, when spread over a box of fruit, such as oranges or lemons, will preserve it sweet and un-

spoiled for an almost indefinite length of time. Mr. Walker has now in his possession about fifty oranges from a box which he took to experiment with nearly four months ago.

In appearance and taste the fruit is still as perfect as it was on the day he took charge of it, and there is nothing to show that it would not keep for the remainder of the year, if Mr. Walker desired to keep it that long. He has made a number of experiments with the discovery lately, that have started some of the wholesale fruiterers of the city, and he has completely converted them to the belief that he has made a valuable find.

#### Fruit-growing in Florida.

Florida has an exceedingly vigorous horticultural society, which held its seventh annual meeting in Jacksonville on the 10th of April. The two hundred active members who assembled were welcomed by the mayor, who encouraged them by some eloquent remarks on the importance of fruit-growing and other branches of horticulture. President D. W. Adams illustrated this fact by stating that the orange crop alone amounts to 5,000,000 boxes, while peaches, pears and tomatoes were leaving the State by the carload. There are preparations already made in the State to furnish trainloads of all these in the near future, while there are orange groves enough planted to produce in a few years 20,000,000 boxes. Mr. Adams claimed that the depressed condition of the fruit trade was not due to overproduction, because the crop of oranges now produced would only furnish one orange a month to each inhabitant of the United States. The business, however, had outgrown the facilities for transportation, and something must be done to enlarge these facilities and economize in transportation, or the future fruit-growing in Florida would be without hope.

#### Be Careful With Poisons.

Poisons are now more generally used by farmers in fields and orchards than was common in the olden times. One caution in their use can hardly be too often repeated. They should on no account be handled by any who have cuts on their hands or sores on their person, anywhere into which the poison can get. When thus introduced into the system, the poison goes directly to the blood, and is much more effective and prompt than if taken into the stomach. Only a few days ago we read of a farm laborer who got some Paris green in a cut on his hand, and died in two hours thereafter. The best antidote for Paris green poison is oxide of iron or iron rust. A few cents will buy a bottle in liquid form in any drugstore, and now that Paris green is in such general use a bottle of the antidote ought to be in every house.

#### Relative Value of Olive Varieties.

The latest publication of the University Experiment Station, concerning olives, by A. P. Haynes, contains elaborate tabulation of the results of chemical analyses of the olives used in the experimental oil making at Berkeley, and of the resulting oil. The tabulations from the tables are best fitted to enlighten the general reader. In the eleven varieties of which more than two samples were received, the differences between the maximum and minimum of oil in fresh fruit varies very greatly; thus, while in the Rubra the difference is 20.05, in the Uvula it is only 4.20—thus showing for the latter a greater uniformity in oil percentage for the State at large. The following list comprises the commonest varieties now growing in California, and the table is arranged in the order of highest to lowest relations between maximum and minimum oil percentage:

Variety.	Variation.
Rubra	20.05
Delmas	14.21
Redding Picholine	13.10
Nevadillo Blanco	12.98
Mission	11.09
Praecox	10.90
Atro-rubens	10.43
Manzanillo	5.10
Uvula	5.00
California	4.20

The table shows what a matter of "guess work" the selection of varieties for orchards in the State has been thus far, and emphasizes the importance of the work undertaken by the agricultural experiment station in bringing out all of these various characteristics.

It will be safe to pass judgment too hastily, taking into consideration the relatively small number of analyses at our command, yet it will at once be seen that there are varieties that seem to be better adapted for general planting than others. Take, for example, the Mission. This is the oldest variety cultivated in California, and has been examined thirteen samples; yet it stands as very good oil variety, never falling below 19.20 per cent of oil, and an average of 30 olives from a tree (114 in one pound). This fact, taken with the experience in the olive oil room, show it to be one of the preeminently safe varieties to plant. It gives an oil of a very good quality, and one that keeps its marketable qualities in an exceptionally good manner.

What is said of the Mission can be said of the Manzanillo, which, while being a trifle larger than the Mission, is a more regular bearer, and fully as hardy.

The Nevada Blanco, while a smaller olive than either of the other two, is, by reason of its high average in oil and its regularity as a bearer, one of the olives of the future.

The Redding Picholine shows itself unworthy of the place it has in the olive plantations of the State. Though it is a good bearer and a vigorous grower, it is the smallest olive of any of the varieties thus far found in California. It has more pit and less flesh than any other variety. Next to the Rubra, it varies more than any other in the above table, and the oil-room experiments have shown it to give an inferior product. Of all the oils made this year in the Station oil room, that of the Redding Picholine was the "grossest" and the first to solidify, assuming the appearance of partly-melted, yellowish lard.

The Uvula was a disappointment, the general impression being that it was a very good oil variety, so far as regards quantity.

The Rubra, in spite of its uncertainty as to richness in oil, is a good variety, and well adapted to the surroundings. The Rubra oil made at the station was of a very high degree of excellence, and stood cold weather very well.

The publication by Mr. Haynes gives for the first time analyses of the leading Italian varieties, i. e., Grossoglio, Razzo, Prantolo, Correggiolo and Morajolo. From the well adapted to the surroundings, it is to be concluded that the Mission on the same soil gives but 19.20 per cent of oil, we are led to conclude that these new varieties will be of great importance in the future.

Further comment is not deemed wise at this time, owing to the fact that there are too few varieties of which samples were

received from more than one locality. In another year, with the co-operation of the olive-growers of the State, it will be possible to disseminate more fully the results. They are given to the public as they stand. The only data existing at this moment. The thanks of the department are extended to Messrs. Alfred Wright and J. S. Calkins of Pomona, J. Rock of Niles, Hatch & Rock of Biggs, and Louis Mel of Livermore for their generous donation of samples of olives in lots large enough to be made up into oil.

#### Culture of Strawberries.

A correspondent of the Albany Cultivator writes from Indiana about strawberries. He says he has grown strawberries twelve years, and at one time had no less than thirty-two kinds, all of which he has discarded excepting Sharpless, Crescent and Wilson. The Wilson is the most standard berry in existence, but it continues to lead, and will for many years be the mainstay as a market berry. In many localities it turns red before it is ripe, and in this state is usually sent to market. When thoroughly ripe it is slightly acid, but is very agreeable, and superior to the many highly-praised varieties, whose insipid taste causes one soon to tire of them. The Wilson stands neglect better than any other kind—in fact, it yields the largest crop under the matted-bed system, but the fruit is small and inferior in quality. The Sharpless is strong, heavy, well manured and kept in rows, with runners, cut and clean cultivation, exceeds all other in size, yield and quality, remains longer in bearing, and furnishes berries, if properly managed, for several weeks. No matter how much the market may be glutted, they always find a ready sale at good prices. Last season they brought more than 20 cents per quart in our market, while Crescents and others were selling as low as 5 cents, bushels of them spoiling, not even finding a market. The thinning out should be done with reference to the variety. The Sharpless does well for some in hills, but rarely in tatted rows. The Wilson comes better in thin-matted rows, while the Crescent should be quite thick. The raising of small fruits for the market is a very nice and remunerative business, if properly managed, but it requires rare business tact and exacting care and attention. Very few farmers make sufficient manure for over three acres, and the berries, after taking two, or at very outside three, crops of berries from a plantation, it should be turned under and put into something else. No one has ever raised a strawberry until he grows it himself; berries bought in market bear about the same relation to a freshly-picked berry from your bed as the insipid berries of a poor type one. Mr. Hale of Glastonbury, Ct., a recognized authority on small fruits, now plants in hills, laying the ground off in back rows, and not trying the matted bed, but from the fact of Mr. Hale's adopting it an satisfied it will be a success.

#### San Jose Scale in California.

(California Fruit-grower.) While we are not disposed to charge the present administration with all the woes under which the people of this country are now suffering, we do charge that the Department of Agriculture has needlessly and wrongfully inflicted injury upon the fruit interests of California.

In circular No. 3, second series, from the Division of Entomology will be found the following language referring to the so-called San Jose scale:

"The specific name (*Aspidiotus perniciosus*) was given to it by the rector, Prof. Comstock considered it to be the most pernicious scale insect known in this country. It swarmed in countless numbers upon the trees in certain parts of the State, and infested all the deciduous fruits grown in California, except the apricot and black Tartarian cherry. In the course of twelve years the insect has done perfectly clean work, and has caused great pecuniary ruin. Many crops of fruit have been ruined, and thousands of trees have been killed."

While the above statement by the Department of Agriculture is a great exaggeration of conditions prevailing largely in California at any time, as applied to the present or recent past, it is a wide misstatement of facts. No such conditions prevail in this State as set forth in the foregoing article. To be brief, but accurate, the statements of the Department are untrue so far as they relate to the present time. The plain and simple fact is that the San Jose scale is practically unknown in California, and does not exist in any of the fruit-growing regions of California, through Oregon, and into the State of Washington. It is known as the worst pest of the fruit trees of the Pacific Coast, and has caused great pecuniary ruin. Many crops of fruit have been ruined, and thousands of trees have been killed.

All the horrors depicted by the department, even if true, which they are not, and never were, would be less detrimental to our fruit interests than the widespread damage resulting from the official publication of such misleading allegations. The scale can be easily subdued, and has been, and California is practically free from it; but the publication of wide statements on the part of the government, regarding our fruit interests, is a gratuitous and unnecessary source of worry and anxiety to the fruit-grower, and for heaven's sake give us the former! No parasite directly attacking the fruit trees of California in the orchards themselves can compare with the injury done by bug sharps of the Agricultural Department who thus recklessly attack our entire fruit interest through the public press.

#### Summer Pruning of Trees.

(Meehan's Monthly.) In the art of pruning nothing is more essential than a knowledge of what ought to be done in the summer time. It is quite common to find parties objecting to street trees or orchard trees growing tall, and in order to make them low and bushy the heads are saved off in the winter time. Very little observation would show that such trees send out strong vigorous shoots during the summer, which grow rapidly upward, and take the place of the branches cut away.

It is a maxim in social economy that the tendency is for "the rich to get richer and the poor to get poorer," and this maxim equally applies to the branches of the weaker ones, and the stronger ones do in the summer, when the strong shoots push out from near the places where the larger ones were cut away, to pull them out and grow in the place of the weaker ones. The vigor of the plant is thrown into the side branches, and in this way we can get the strong lower branches which are desired.

In like manner shrubs are pruned in the winter time, in order to keep them low. Any one can see that the shoots which push out from the top of the bushes are all the stronger, through having their plant cut back. If these strong shoots are pulled out, as sprouts, early in the season, and vigor would be sent into the lower branches, and we should have the desired bushy plants required. This is a great reason for the summer pruning as hedges, and also the reason why the truncate-cotyledonous form is adapted for hedging. We cut off the strong shoots which are always at the top early in the summer, and the result is that the vigor of the plant is thrown into the side branches. In no other way can we keep a hedge bushy at the base.

It is used to be an axiom with practical gardeners that summer pruning weakens and winter pruning strengthens the parts of a tree just below where the pruning has occurred. In a certain sense this is true. It does not, however, mean that a tree just below where the pruning has occurred this as an axiom, and the man who believes that summer pruning weakens the point where the pruning occurs

and winter pruning strengthens it will have a good base on which to operate. The strong shoots in summer, let weak ones grow.

## POULTRY.

Chickens grow better when they have the privilege of getting into the shade during the heat of the day, and there are many days in June and some in May when they need it. If there is no natural shade in the yard where they are, provide an artificial shade. The shade of a large tree under which the sun cannot shine at any part of the day is not as good as that of a hedge or even a rude brush fence put upon the south side of the yard.

#### Poultry Points.

(American Cultivator.) We hear complaints from some who bought cocks or other breeding fowl last spring that they thus introduced roup and lice into flocks that were free from these troubles before. As far as the roup is concerned, this may not have been the fault of the shipper of the fowl. The exposure to changes of temperature in cars and express-wagons may have resulted in a cold that would develop into roup in a short time, and yet the fowl might have been perfectly healthy when boxed up.

The only preventive we can suggest is to buy all fowl early enough in the season to allow of their being kept separate from the others until it is seen whether they are all right or not, and if they are lousy or roup they will show it in a week or less, and they should not be put among other fowl until they come out of quarantine with a clean bill of health. A fowl, whether male or female, that has had a severe attack of roup is not of much value for breeding purposes, as some months afterward, as there is a weakened vitality which can only produce weak chickens that are subject to the incubation fever, and the flesh is helter to, and even if they live through them, they usually grow slow.

## THE DAIRY.

Richard Gibson, writing in the Live Stock Report on the subject of feeding steers, begins by expatiating on the importance of good breeding to secure the best results. Leaving this part of his subject, Mr. Gibson gives some terse, practical observations on raising calves by the pail, which is more trouble, but also more profitable, than allowing them to suckle the cow. He speaks of a good cow being able to raise four calves in a season, say two for two months and two more for five or six months.

#### Rules of the Elgin Butter Company.

(American Cultivator.) Flavor must be quick, full, fine and fresh. Taste must be pleasant and sweet. Color to be a light straw color unless otherwise ordered; to be uniform and even.

Salt to be three-eighths of an ounce of Ashton to a pound of butter, well dissolved and thoroughly incorporated in the second half of the tub. The butter should be brine and little of it. Body and grain to be sound and clear. Butter to be free from saltness and fatness. It is to be absolutely solid in the tub, without space for air or brine, the top being finished straight across from stave to stave, to be covered with a cloth and having a heavy rubber into it, so that the hand, completely fill the meshes of the cloth. Have no loose salt on top of the butter. Fill the tub, but not allow the butter to touch the lower side of cover. Tub-Sook it in brine twenty-four hours. Before using it dry it and rub the inside thoroughly with dry salt with the hand, shaking out all loose salt before packing. Have outside of tub clean and dry. Avoid tub with white or sap stains. Keep tub covers so dust cannot settle on the inside. Nail on with three tins, four nails in each tin.

## LIVE STOCK.

A comparison of wool prices in San Francisco now and one year ago shows a decrease of just 50 per cent. Inasmuch as it has been clearly shown by events at Washington that the free-trade doctrines cannot carry their theories into practice, why should not wool be pulled into the back door of the Senate as well as the products of wealthy manufacturers who are accomplishing so much at Washington? The answer is that agriculture is not adequately represented in Congress, while other industries are represented for more than they are worth.

#### Care of Sheep and Lambs.

(E. P. Smith in American Cultivator.) A special work should be given to the growing of roots for sheep at this time of the year, and between now and next Thanksgiving enough roots can be raised to keep the flocks in excellent condition all through the winter. If we would but bear this matter in mind and continually find a good crop for roots, it would not be a difficult matter to grow. A good need. When the fodder crop is cultivated the last time turnip seeds sown in the field will give a good crop for late fall feeding, and the seeds can be sown also among the potatoes. By the time the tubers are harvested the turnips will be growing finely, and after that they will unquestionably much wheat was saved and improved by the rains, but the seas of land south of the central line of the State which did not make hay or even recent crops should have been saved. It is fortunate for all that the claim can be made that we have a good supply of wheat in the State. Now, in all reason, it should be worth more than the paltry prices now prevailing, and we cannot but believe that much better prices will be realized. Wheat is altogether too low at present.

The old Greeks first phrased the idea that Beautiful Women Use Dr. Simms' Arsenic Complexion Wafers.

The only real beautifier of the Skin and Face, removing all imperfections, pimples, freckles, moles, blotches, roughness and coarseness, producing a beautiful, clear and refined complexion, the admiration of all beholders. Perfectly safe and not discontinued any time during the desired result is obtained. Get the genuine, made by Thayer & Co., 100 West 4th Street, San Francisco. Sold by all druggists, or by mail for \$1.00 per box. For sale by GODFREY & MOORE, C. H. HANCOCK and FREEMAN & CARPENTER.

them all the hay they can eat, and more too, and corn and bran should be accessible at all times. Pure water of course is an essential. Keep them in pure, clean quarters, where the air is not close. Fattening lambs suffer badly from impure air, more sometimes than from the cold.

As to the ewes, beware of getting them too fat. The result will be that the lambs will be either weak, dead or overgrown, and they will never do well. They need exercise and bulky food rather than fattening food. Very little if any grain is needed. They should be fed hay freely, even in the spring when early grass is here, and they are crazy to get out. Make them eat some hay each morning before turning them out. It will be hard work sometimes, but it is better for their health and the future prosperity of their young offspring.

## BEES AND HONEY.

#### The Honey Failure at the South.

N. Levering, the well-known Los Angeles bee-keeper, gives the Cultivator the following facts about the honey failure of 1894:

"From reports from various parts of the country, the outlook for honey in anything but encouraging. No honey is being stored and bees are dying of starvation. Prospects are gloomy without a cheering ray to hang a hope upon. Up to the present the season looks more unfavorable than the memorable year of 1877, for then, at this time of the year, the weather was warm and bees gathered enough to subsist upon, but stored no surplus. We do not write to discourage apiarists, but feel that the facts should be squarely told. Apiarists should expect a Waterloo defeat even in awhile, and when it comes once in seventeen years they should at least take it stoically and hope for better in the future.

"This year the work for June will vary from ordinary seasons. There will be little or no extracting done, owing to the drought, which will be an epoch in the history of apiculture in Southern California. The most essential work for this month will be to keep the bees in as good condition as possible. The continuous cold weather up to the present writing indicates a scarcity of honey—not more than the bees will consume before the approach of a favorable honey flow.

"The honey harvest is most generally in June. This year, if any, it will be in July, as a late season of the summer will produce some honey. We would advise no extracting unless there is an over-supply. Bees should be kept strong during the season, and the year 1895 will most likely be a good honey season, and then strong colonies will be in demand. In time of drought prepare for a crop. Keep your bees strong, for this at dull times is the key to success."

## GENERAL AGRICULTURE.

The use of fertilizer made with 100 to 200 pounds of nitrate of soda, 200 pounds of superphosphate, and where required, from fifty to 100 pounds of muriate of potash to the acre, is recommended by the Chamber of Agriculture, Norfolk, England, as a dressing for barley. They also say for mangel-wurzels it would be difficult to improve upon the use of 200 pounds of nitrate of soda, 300 pounds of common salt, and 200 pounds of superphosphate per acre.

#### Wheat.

(Pacific Rural Press.) The first carload of new wheat came at the close of last week from Delano, Kern county, and was sold at auction at \$1.02½ per cental. This is 27½ cents lower than the first new wheat has brought since the growing began in California, except in one instance, in 1880, when the stamped in wheat occurred and wheat was sold wholly without reference to its quality. According to all reasoning from statistical data, wheat ought to be worth more than it is now bringing. One of our city statisticians shows that we are sending to the harvesting of a short crop with reduced supplies from previous crop years. This statement is of much interest just at this time.

The usual way of ascertaining the wheat crop of this State of late years is to add the quantity exported to the quantity taken for local consumption in the form of seed and deduct the wheat receipts from Oregon and Washington and the stocks on hand. Pursuing this line, we have the following for the twelve months ending June 1, that being the date of late years for taking account of the stocks of flour and grain in the State:

Exports, 12 months, tons.....	569,171
Consumption.....	300,000
Stock June 1, 1894.....	394,351
Total.....	1,263,522
Deduct.....	
Stock, June 11, 1893.....	236,795
Receipts, Oregon.....	80,097
.....	316,982
Crop, 1893.....	976,630
Crop, 1892.....	1,035,460

Decrease..... 58,830  
The crop of 1893 was 1,084,000 tons. The crop for the previous fourteen years varied from 743,000 tons in 1884 to 1,707,500 tons in 1879. The average for the past seven years has been a trifle over 1,000,000 tons. In view of the low prices, it is possible that all of the wheat in the State on the 1st of June was not discovered, and that the actual crop was nearer 1,000,000 tons than the above analysis shows.

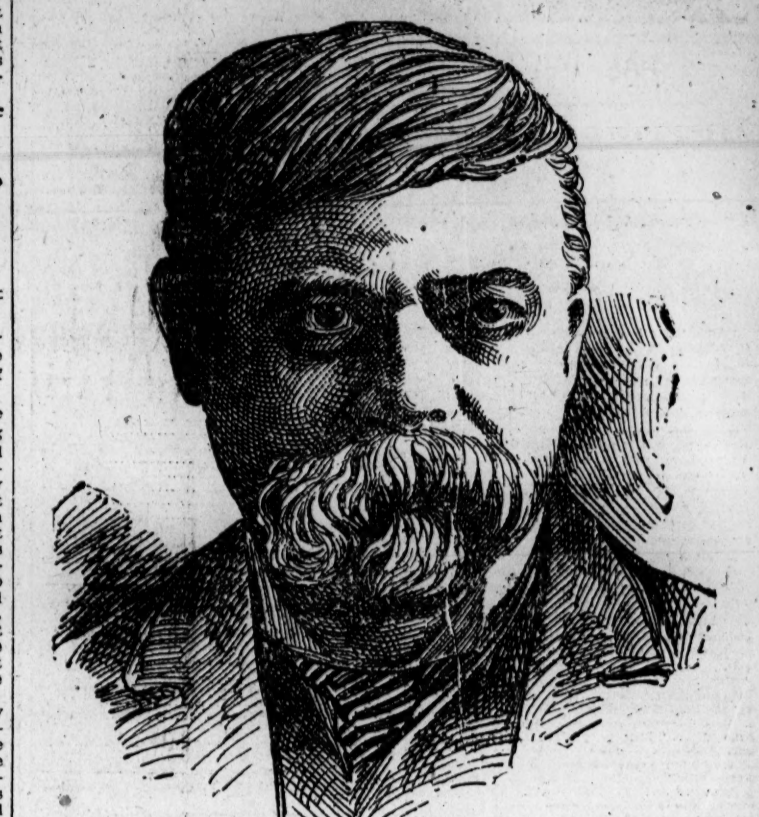
It is claimed also that the visible supply of wheat in this State is enough for the coming year's consumption, both for feed and seed, so that when we grow this year will be available for export. There is a disposition now to greatly overestimate this year's harvest. Too much credit is given to the crop. Our city statisticians do not seem aware of the vast area which was ruined and abandoned before these late rains touched the ground. Unquestionably much wheat was saved and improved by the rains, but the seas of land south of the central line of the State which did not make hay or even recent crops should have been saved. It is fortunate for all that the claim can be made that we have a good supply of wheat in the State. Now, in all reason, it should be worth more than the paltry prices now prevailing, and we cannot but believe that much better prices will be realized. Wheat is altogether too low at present.

The old Greeks first phrased the idea that Beautiful Women Use Dr. Simms' Arsenic Complexion Wafers.

The only real beautifier of the Skin and Face, removing all imperfections, pimples, freckles, moles, blotches, roughness and coarseness, producing a beautiful, clear and refined complexion, the admiration of all beholders. Perfectly safe and not discontinued any time during the desired result is obtained. Get the genuine, made by Thayer & Co., 100 West 4th Street, San Francisco. Sold by all druggists, or by mail for \$1.00 per box. For sale by GODFREY & MOORE, C. H. HANCOCK and FREEMAN & CARPENTER.

# HE WRITES HAPPY SONGS.

Charles F. Pidgin, Whose Popular Airs Are Everywhere Sung.



#### What a tiresome world it would be if there were no songs in it.

One of the most versatile song-writers in Charles F. Pidgin of Cambridge, Mass., whose portrait is here given. Everybody knows his songs. Schoolboys whistle them and sober business men go about humming them.

When a writer of popular songs is tired and worn out he cannot do good work—nor can any. All over the world physicians of every school prescribe Paine's celery compound where overwork and anxiety has brought down the tone of the nervous system. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., of Dartmouth College, the eminent discoverer of Paine's celery compound, devoted the most fruitful years of his remarkable career to the study of the blood and nerves.

Very soon after taking this remarkable remedy the circulation is favorably affected; there is a marked desire for hearty food, the heart's action becomes tranquilized and strong, and the nervous and digestive systems are harmonized and invigorated, and sleeplessness disappears, thus stopping the waste and staying the progress of disease.

#### THE EAST SIDE.

Children's day will be observed at the East Los Angeles Baptist Church tomorrow at 11 a.m. The church is being appropriately decorated and the Sunday school has prepared a special programme, which promises to be very interesting. In the evening Rev. Mr. Dye will speak on "The Closing of the Educational Recruits," and it is expected that the school will be alined at the school-customs of the Church of Rome.

The Misses Samuels, who have been living at the Glenwood all winter, during their engagement as teachers in the city schools, left last night for San Francisco.

The members of the Congregational Boys' League gave a pleasant social entertainment last evening at the church on Daly street, being assisted materially by the ladies of the church, who furnished excellent refreshments to the many guests. A feature of the programme was an exhibition bayonet drill by a picked squad, which was really excellent, considering the fact that the boys have but a few weeks and have thus far had scarcely any opportunity to acquire the skill, which with the bayonet more than in any other exercise of the manual, comes only after much practice.

#### GOULD'S SPRAY PUMPS.

At William Currey & Son's, No. 121 South Main street. Send for circulars.

#### DOCTORS' BUGGIES.

Hawley, King & Co.

#### The Best...

## ICE CREAM.

#### IN TOWN.

## ROYAL BAKERY RESTAURANT.

118 S. SPRING ST.

Ice Cream with Cake, etc.

#### Wm. GURRER & SON.

121 SOUTH MAIN ST.

#### Seeds, Grain, Potatoes and Onions.

INCUBATORS.

POULTRY FOOD.

POULTRY REMEDIES AND FERTILIZERS.

#### GOULD'S SPRAY PUMPS.

Correspondence solicited.

#### Pioneer Truck Company.

NO. 3 MARKET STREET, PLANO.

Furniture and Safe moving, Barge and freight, delivered prompt.

For address.

Telephone 101.

As long as waste continues, disease continues, and the first step in the recovery of man is a person's health has been the first bottle of Paine's celery compound.

Mr. Pidgin says that he used Paine's celery compound as a nerve tonic and laxative. He was not sick, only "tired" from press of business. Its use put him in good condition again. "I recommend it," he says, "to literary friends."

Weariness, lack of energy and despondency are more a matter of nerves and brain than of muscles. Paine's celery compound makes new, richly vitalized blood go briskly through the nerves, brain and every important organ. There soon comes an end to

\_\_\_\_\_

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Flaking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE



NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Santa Catalina Island Illuminated. Commencing Saturday evening, June 23, the Wilmington Transportation Company's magnificent steamship *Hermosa* will make regular trips to Catalina Island. A most attractive programme has been arranged for the *Hermosa's* initial trip, including grand illumination of the bay and ship upon her arrival off Sugar Loaf. Music by the Santa Catalina Orchestra of soloists, dancing in the pavilion, etc. A more magnificent scene was never witnessed than the beautiful bay of Avalon when illuminated with rockets, candles, red and blue lights and other attractive fireworks. For railroad connections, see Southern Pacific Company and Terminal Railway's time-tables in Los Angeles daily papers.

Woodbury Business College graduating exercises will occur at the Los Angeles Theater on next Monday evening, June 25. The popular Loretta Ladies' Quartet will sing some of their favorite numbers; the Ideal Guitar, Banjo and Mandolin Club, under the direction of Prof. Delano, will be heard in three of their finest selections; an orchestra of twenty pieces under the direction of Prof. Stamm will render the overture, and the always-humorous Foley Parker will sing. Reserved seats can be obtained at the box office Saturday, June 23, and Monday, June 25, for 25 cents.

King Neptune and Court at Redondo Salt-water day, Sunday, June 24. Riverside Corset Band, Elson City Quartette, Coney Island clambake, masked bathers in costume, fishing bee, foot races, daring slide from top of pavilion to pier, etc. Special trains on Redondo Railway leave Los Angeles 8:10 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 5:10 p.m. Leave Redondo 7:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 3:45 p.m., 5:50 p.m.

Bishop Simpson Memorial day at Simpson Methodist Episcopal Tabernacle tomorrow (Sunday). A day of great interest. Elder G. W. White, Dr. A. C. Williams, will assist the pastor, Dr. McLean, in the services. Special music, both morning and evening. Extra floral decorations. We would advise persons to go early if they wish seats.

Santa Catalina Island. Special excursions Saturdays and Sundays. Beautiful steamer *Hermosa* making daily trips. See railroad time-tables and display ad, this paper, or inquire No. 130 West Second street, Wilmington Transportation Company.

Volmer's special Saturday sale, No. 116 South Spring street, near First. One hundred Haviland china decorated, after-dinner cups and saucers today, 25 cents each; regular value, 50 cents. This is a snap. Volmer's special Saturday sale, 200 durable silver plate, salts and peppers today, 38 cents each; regular value, 75 cents. No. 116 South Spring street, near First. If you want one call early.

Prof. Maxey will make the daring and exciting slide of 500 feet through the air at Redondo Beach tomorrow, Saturday. Santa Fe trains leave at 9 a.m., 10 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.

Going to Redondo tomorrow? Salt-water day; special attractions; fine music and good bathing. Take Santa Fe trains at 9 a.m., 10 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. Round trip, 50 cents. Volmer's special Saturday sale, 100 dozen engraved goblets, today 3 cents each; regular value, 12 cents. No. 116 South Spring street, near First.

First Baptist Church, morning sermon by the pastor, D. Read; evening by Rev. J. W. Smith of Pennsylvania; Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

Fifty cents round trip on Terminal Railway to Long Beach and San Pedro. Good going Saturday and Sunday, returning Monday.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the finest mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under hotels.

Reitky's \$200 painting, "A Glimpse of the Harem" is drawing big crowds. See amusement column.

Two windows full of special Saturday bargains at Volmer's, No. 116 South Spring street.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware lumber, H. Bohman, 614 South Spring.

Buy the Whitney make trunk, Factory, No. 244 North Main street.

Columbia River salmon. Valentine, Broadway Market.

Mexican leather carver at Campbell's.

The city schools closed yesterday after a term of nine and one-half months. Quite a number of the teachers are arranging for extended tours during vacation.

Joseph J. Stine kindly furnished The Times office with a box of ripe royal apricots yesterday, which he just received from his Arizona ranch. The fruit was of unusually good quality.

A marriage license was issued yesterday at the office of the County Clerk to Grant Griswold, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 25 years, and Miss May, a native of California, aged 22 years; both residents of Pasadena.

Jim Higgins, a sneak thief, was arrested by Officer McGraw last night while attempting to dispose of a hayfork and garden-rake, the possession of which he was unable to satisfactorily account for. He was locked up on suspicion, pending an investigation as to ownership of the articles in question.

About forty gentlemen and ladies (the former being somewhat in the minority) visited the Stanford-avenue school Thursday afternoon, where they were cordially welcomed by Misses Boyle and Wright, and their eighty-six little pupils. The room in which the exercises were held was beautifully decorated. The programme was ably executed and enjoyed by all.

### PERSONALS.

Dr. C. J. Morrow of Kansas City arrived in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. W. Lapham of No. 129 West Sixteenth street, who has been visiting relatives in the East since last November, returned today on the Santa Fe overland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Tate of Hastings, Neb., are visiting at the home of Miss Ellen Beach Taw, No. 418 College street. Mr. Tate is grand master workman of the A.O.U.W.

### The Pope's Activity.

Leo XIII is engaged in building, as if he felt the necessity of being busy in usefulness while life is left to him. Workmen have just put the final touches to the construction of a wing of the villa which the Pope has had built near the tower in the Vatican gardens, where he goes in the warm hours of the Roman summer day. Formerly he passed these hours in the ground floor of the Casino del Gallo, in those gardens. This, which is a perfect image of an ancient country villa, such as was found in the days of the empire, in hundreds of examples, scattered over the vast space of the Roman campagna, has now been abandoned, as its low position rendered it damp and unhealthy. Here the Pope, attended by secretaries and by a few members of the Noble Guard, works in the warm days.

### THE POLICE COURT.

Those Who Felt the Weight of Justice Yesterday.

In the Police Court yesterday W. S. Allen, the Spring-street furniture-dealer, was fined \$5 for having obstructed the sidewalk in front of his store, and F. G. Herold was fined \$10 for indecently exposing his person in East Los Angeles.

J. R. Armstrong was arraigned upon the charge of having maintained a nuisance by running an engine at the Second-street Park all wells, and upon entering the plea of not guilty was ordered to appear for trial Wednesday next.

John Lysaght, charged with conducting a real estate business without a license, was arraigned, pleaded not guilty and was ordered to reappear for trial Tuesday next. Joe Kirby and John Sanger, charged with petty larceny, were ordered to reappear for trial at 11 o'clock this morning.

G. F. Cox, charged with having embezzled a draft for \$20, which had been entrusted to him by A. M. Bensley, a paper drummer, appeared for trial before City Justice Austin and a jury. He was acquitted, the jurors evidently giving him the benefit of the doubt created by the discrepancy between the stories told by the two men.

Officer J. S. Robbins appeared for trial upon the charge of battery, preferred against him by Wong Chung, who accused him of having clubbed him severely without provocation, but the matter was not concluded. It will be taken up again today. The officer, while raising a riotous den, was mobbed by Chinese and was compelled to use his club indiscriminately to prevent them from throwing him downstairs.

### School Exercises.

At the Seventeenth-street school, on Thursday afternoon, the eighth class presented an interesting programme, which was well rendered in every particular. The hall was tastefully decorated with flags and festoons of evergreen, intertwined with pink garlands, the class colors. After the exercises were over a reception was tendered the graduating class by the seventh grade and B eighth. Ice cream was served by the kindergarten-room, which was trimmed in pink and green. Duchess roses prevailing. The halls, cleared of chairs, offered ample opportunity for games and dancing, which the young people enjoyed with a spirit that youth only knows.

On next Tuesday evening a reception will be given the class at the Hambricht residence on South Flower street.

### Temporary Superintendent.

C. S. Mason, who for nine years has been identified with religious work on this Coast, having been three years State secretary of the Y.M.C.A., and also for years an interdenominational evangelist, has been secured as temporary superintendent of the Pacific Gospel Union. Mr. Mason is a converted lawyer, who has had a wide experience in business methods in Christian work. He has recently conducted the canvass for raising the funds to save the Y.M.C.A. building of Redondo, which was successful. He is a thorough believer in religion, and feels that the Pacific Gospel Union has done a commendable work.

On Sunday evening Mr. Mason speaks at the Immanuel Presbyterian Church, on "Christian Activity."

### Rosedale School.

The Rosedale public school closed for the summer vacation Friday, June 22. An agreeable surprise awaited the teachers after the day's exercises were over. The patrons had prepared, in an elegantly-decorated apartment, a sumptuous dinner for the teachers. It was their expression of sympathy and respect for the excellent corps which has faithfully labored for the advancement of the school for the past year.

The principal, James L. Smith, was presented with a gold-headed cane, suitably engraved, by the school. The entire affair was a happy one, indeed.

### KID GLOVE DAY.

Inducements to be offered to the Ladies Today.

The following prices will prevail at the Unique Kid Glove House, No. 253 South Spring street, this street, today: Four-button undressed, large buttons, \$1.00. Eight-button Mousquetaire, real kid, 1.00. Eight-button undressed kid gloves, 1.00. Five-button real kid gloves, all colors, 1.00. Every pair fitted on and worn. These goods are displayed in the Unique window today.

ATTRACTIONS AT SANTA MONICA.

The new bath-house is in operation. Novel attractions today and tomorrow at Amusement Park. Hop at Hotel Arcadia tonight, when last train will leave Santa Monica 10 p.m. The great coal bunkers at Port Los Angeles are in operation. The Minnesota is unloading a 3300-ton cargo. Fine fishing on the wharf. The Los Angeles Military Band in concert on the bluff tomorrow. Take Southern Pacific short line. Round trip, 50 cents. See time-table.

BROWNE'S HOT AIR FURNACES

Are sold on approval. Make your contracts now for winter. Send for catalogue. F. E. Browne, No. 314 South Spring street.

CATALINA ISLAND.

The Los Angeles Terminal Railway makes close connections at East San Pedro daily with steamer *Hermosa*. Saturdays, two trips, leaving Los Angeles at 9:55 a.m. and 3:15 p.m. The 8 a.m. train Sunday morning makes close connections, and returns on arrival of steamer Sunday evening.

### Dandruff

Cured with a single bottle of Smith's Dandruff Pomade; never fails; guaranteed by H. M. Sale & Son, 220 South Spring street.

WESTERVELT'S Studio of Photographic Art, June 2, 1894. During the ten years that my studio has been open in the Los Angeles public, very many thousands have accumulated. Some are very valuable to my patrons. While registering them, persons who would like to see them, please call at a reduced rate, in any of the new processes. Call at gallery, No. 124 South Main street.

FIVE gold medals, World's Fair, Columbus Buggy Company's buggies lead where none can follow. Buy them. No. 210 North Main street.

20 ENVELOPES, 50c; 40 ream writing paper, 5c. Langstaffer, 214 West Second.

From the Sublime  
To the Useful  
Pearline—Easy washing

TO THE YOUNG FACE  
Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

# A. HAMBURGER & SONS'

Saturday's Sharp, Startling Stampede in Prices all day Saturday and Special Saturday Night Sale.

## Shoes.

LADIES' Tan Crome Kid Oxfords, hand-lined, in opera and square toe, worth \$4, now.....\$2.50

LADIES' Tan Oxide Kid Prince Albert Oxfords, worth \$5.00.....\$3.50

LADIES' Wright & Peters Tan. Russet, Cloth Top, Southern Toe, L. X. V. Heel, sold elsewhere for \$8, our price.....\$4.50

LADIES' OXFORDS—Tan Oxide, Needle Toe, Silk Varsity Top, L. X. V. Heel, made by John Foster; the very best shoe made, worth \$8.50, our price.....\$5.00

MEN'S Tan, Russia Calif, in Congress, Lace, hand-sewed welt, worth \$5.00.....\$3.00

MEN'S SHOES—The latest thing, Razor Toes, Blucher and Lace, hand-sewed, worth \$6, at.....\$3.50

MEN'S SHOES—Wing Tip, double sole, Tan, Russia Calif, made by hand, a splendid walking shoe; reduced from \$7.50 to.....\$5.00

MEN'S SHOES—Made by J. S. Turner, Tan Shoes, in Congress, Lace; cut from \$7 to.....\$3.25

MISSIE'S Tan, Russet Oxfords, sizes 11 to 2, worth \$2.50.....\$1.50

MISSIE'S Tan Crome Kid But., a soft, dressy and serviceable shoe, sizes 11 to 2, worth \$3.00.....\$2.00

LADIES' Tan, Russet Oxfords, in opera and square toe, worth \$2.50.....\$1.50

Visit our basement today.  
Many special values that you don't see every day.

## Dress Goods.

DRESS PATTERNS—Iridescent two tone and moonlight effects, special value; see the window display; full suit pattern at.....\$3.50

NOVELTY SUITINGS—An elegant line of superb new weaves, 40 inches wide; worth \$1, at.....75c

SILK STRIPED CHALLIES—Beautiful, dainty designs; worth 90c, 65c

FAILLE FRANCAISE—A very rich, elegant quality in black; actually worth \$1, at.....75c

PRINTED CHINA SILKS—Big special offering of 20 designs of Cheney Bros' magnificent goods; sold the world over at 75c and \$1, only.....60c

LADIES' PERCALE SUITS—Handsome stripes, stylishly made, worth \$3.50, at.....\$2.25

LACES—Point de Irlande, Point de Venise, butter colors, a beautiful line. 9-inch Butter Color Lace, worth 35c, at.....25c

6-inch Butter Color Lace, worth 20c, at.....15c

4-inch Butter Color Lace, worth 15c, at.....10c

CARRIAGE PARASOLS—Pure Silk, actually worth \$1, at.....65c

SUNSHADES—Gloria Silk, natural handles, good full size, worth \$1, at.....75c

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS—Silk ruffle, worth \$1.25, at.....75c

SHOPPING BAGS—Special value, large size, elegantly got up, worth 50c, at.....25c

## Table Linens.

More buying and selling of Napery than you would think possible; three special values today at \$1, 75c and 50c. You should cloth your table now.

## Here and There.

FERRIS CORSET WAISTS—Children's sizes, at.....25c

CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS—Special sale in our basement salesroom. We shall offer a big lot of trimmed Straw Hats at.....25c

CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS—Special sale in our basement salesroom at.....15c

LADIES' BLACK Sailor Hats—Special sale in our basement salesroom at.....25c

FOSTER KID GLOVES—Special large size closing out sale, sizes 7 to 7½, worth \$1.50, full line of colors, per pair.....75c

CHILDREN'S GLOVES—Black and colored taffeta, worth 25c, at.....10c

PILLOW SHAMS—Handsomely stamped, worth 35c per pair, at.....20c

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS—Colored embroidery, worth 25c, at.....10c

LADIES' HOSE—Black Silk, worth \$1 the pair, at.....50c

LADIES' HOSE—Fast black, elegant quality, worth 50c the pair; 8 pair for.....\$1.00

Ladies' Muslin Und'w'r.

LADIES' MUSLIN Nightgowns, worth \$1, at.....75c

LADIES' MUSLIN Nightgowns, with colored embroidery worth \$1.50, at.....\$1

LADIES' MUSLIN Nightgowns, Empire style, worth \$1.75, at.....\$1.25

LADIES' MUSLIN Gowns—Elegantly trimmed worth \$2.50, at.....\$1.75

LADIES' CHEMISE—worth 75c to 85c, at.....50c

LADIES' CHEMISE—worth \$1.65, at.....\$1.25

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, worth 85c, at.....65c

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, worth \$1, at.....85c

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, worth \$1.45, at.....\$1.00

## What Men Wear

FANCY SHIRTS—With collars and cuffs to match, reinforced; broken lots explains the price, worth \$2, at.....\$1.00

MEN'S STRAW HATS—Why go to a high priced hatter's and pay for the name? Canton braid, wide rim hats, worth 75c, at.....50c

MEN'S BATHING Suits—Two pieces, all-wool, worth \$3.50, sizes 32 to 44, full regular made goods, the suit.....\$2.00

MEN'S WHITE Lamb's wool Shirts and drawers, summer weight, fine gauge, well made and finished, every suit of these goods worth \$2; price per garment.....50c

\$1, 75c AND 50c SOCKS—Balbriggan, fancy stripes, plain, solid colors are the styles, price.....25c

MEN'S SHIRTS and Drawers, silk and lisle, and pure lisle, plain and fancy colorings, the usual price is \$8 per suit, the unusual price is, per garment.....\$1

A big assortment of "Four-in-Hands," Tecks and Puffs, all new colorings and designs, 50c and 75c goods; price.....25c

FLOWING END, Four-in-Hand, Tecks and Puffs, new shapes, these are rich, elegant and correct, worth \$1.25 and \$1, at.....50c

BOYS' SUITS—Knee Pants with double knees, patent waist-bands, riveted buttons, a suit for service, worth \$3, at.....\$2.25

BOYS' SAILOR Suits—Navy blue flannel, braid trimmed, worth \$1.75, at.....\$1.25

See our Boys' Clothing window.

Dr. Koch's Cough Syrup per bottle.....25c

Lablin's Extracts.....35c

"La Gigue" Soap, 8 cake box.....25c

Greer's California Face Powder, per box.....10c

Hair Crimpers, 5 prong.....25c

Fountain Syringe, 3 quart size.....\$1.50

Drugs and Toilet Articles

Overman Wheel Co

WESTMINSTER HOTEL BLOCK.

## Saturday Night

From 6 to 9 p.m. we shall offer these special items:

DRESS GOODS—Covert cloth, all-wool suitings, worth 40c, 40.....25c

WOOL CHALLIES—80 inches wide, handsome designs, worth 40c, at.....25c

HENRIETTES—40-inch, full line of colors, all-wool, worth 50c, at.....35c

FIGURED BRILLIANTINE—Beautiful floral designs, 83 inches wide, worth 50c, at.....35c

SWIVEL SILKS—42-inch, new, neat designs, on light grounds, worth 60c, at.....35c

BLACK INDIA SILKS—24 inches wide, worth 60c, at.....29c

SILK CREPPES—Evening shades, 24-inch, worth \$1, at.....65c

OUTING FLANNEL—French patterns, 100 styles, elegant quality, worth 15c, at.....10c

TURKEY RED DAMASK—Splendid stripes, 54 inches wide, worth 40c, at.....25c

SATEEN PRINTS—Splendid quality, 150 styles, per yard.....5c

TURKISH TOWELS—Good and heavy, 1½ yards long, worth 20c, at.....10c

GINGHAMS—2000 yards, best quality apron checks, at.....5c

LADIES' French Percale Waists—New designs, well made, worth 60c, at.....35c

LADIES' Ribbed Vests—High neck and long sleeves, silk finished, at.....25c

SWISS EMBROIDERIES—1000 yds. elegant, showy patterns, worth 10c and 15c, at.....5c

SWISS EMBROIDERIES—1000 yds. good widths, worth 10c, at.....25c

SILK VEILINGS—A large line of colors and black, worth 20c, at.....10c

BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS—Large assortment of styles, worth 85c, at.....15c

MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS—Large sizes, laundered, worth 75c, to close at.....35c

CHILDREN'S HOSE—Black and colors, lisle thread, worth 50c, at.....12½c

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